

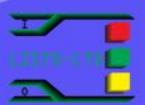
# XC PLC series HARDWARE MANUAL

C3-60PR-E CPU, 36 in/24 out XC3-60PT-C CPU, 36 in/24 out XC3-48PR-E CPU, 28 in/20 out XC3-48PT-C CPU, 28 in/20 out XC3-32PR-E CPU, 18 in/14 out XC3-32PT-C CPU, 18 in/14 out XC3-24PR-E CPU, 14 in/10 out XC3-24PT-C CPU, 14 in/10 out

XC3-14PR-E CPU, 8 in/6 out XC3-14PT-C CPU, 8 in/6 out

XC3-19AR-E CPU, 9 NPN input





# **XC Series PLC Hardware Manual**

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# Summary of XC Series PLC

XC Series PLCs are designed to provide flexibility and power to industry and include a diversity of units to match budget and functionality. The CPUs and Expansion Units ensure flexibility of design. In addition, the Expansion Units facilitate easy expansion of I/O

and communications. This chapter explains the main specifications, the complete product

range, each part's description code and nomenclature.

The software provided to program the PLC units is Windows or MAC based and designed for easy of use following plug and play principle. Many functions are built-in and follow a tick-box selection protocol to enable settings and functionality; together with wireless capability, programming and setup could not have been made simpler.

1-1. XC Series Product Overview

1-2. Product Code Nomenclature (Series Numbering Principle)

1-3. General Component Layout Diagram



# 1-1 XC Series Overview

# 1-1-1 XC Range - Models Available

The XC series range is designed with flexibility and cost in mind. The units are available with varying options:-

- I/O counts ranging from 14 point to 60 point
- Variable Power Sources such as AC240V and DC24 Volts
- Relay or Transistor Outputs or mixed outputs
- Input configuration is available in PNP or NPN

The Table 1 below provides a breakdown of the complete series and functionality; see section 2-1-2 for full series' performance and specification.

Serie s		Model	Description
-			Includes 10 I/O, 16 I/O, 24 I/O, 32 I/O
VC4		Economic	Suitable for economic applications which have less of an I/O
XC1		Туре	requirement and cannot be expanded. Does not support full range
			of control programming function, Expansion Modules or BD cards.
	Palata		Includes 14 I/O, 16 I/O, 24 I/O, 32 I/O, 48 I/O, 60 I/O
XC2		Basic	Equipped with XC Series PLCs' basic functions, supports BD
702	THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH	Туре	Expansion Cards, Equipped with high speed operation ability, CPU
			does not support expansions modules.
	Miles		Includes 14 I/O, 24 I/O, 32 I/O, 48 I/O, 60 I/O
XC3		Standard	XC Series standard models, equipped with full functions.
7.00		Туре	
	-2		Includes 24 I/O, 32 I/O, 48 I/O, 60 I/O
XC5	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	Enhanced	XC3 Series functions, Additional functions – 24 I/O, 32 I/O models
703	Terror Terror	Туре	have 4CH pulse output, 48 I/O, 60 I/O support CAN-Bus and
			CAN-Bus network functions.
		Motion	Includes 24 I/O, 32 I/O
XCM	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	Control	In addition to XC Series' basic functions, XCM models support
ACIVI		Type	powerful pulse output functions and advanced motion control
		туре	instruction. The models are designed especially for motion control.

Special Combined PLC and HMI - XC3-19AR-E (Combines analog I/O with digital I/O in one body) \*\*2

※1 : For each subsidiary series' model list and functions, please refer to Appendix 4.

※2: XC3-19AR is not included in this manual.

For the users-manual, please refer to 《XC3-19AR-E manual》。

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# 1-1-2 XC Series Functions

XC series and models are designed with varying function blocks to provide the user with a cost effective unit depending on the application.

Table 2 below indicates the functions that apply to the complete range. Refer to Table 2 to identify which functions apply to each model.

#### High Speed Operation:

Basic operation instruction  $0.2\sim0.5$ us, the scan time is 10,000 steps per 5ms, up to 160K program space available.

# Expansions:

CPUs can support up to 7 different expansions and 1 BD card.

#### Multiple Communication Ports:

CPUs have 1~4 communication ports, can support RS232, RS485, CAN-Bus and can work with many peripheral devices such as inverters, instruments, printers etc.

# Richsoft device space:

The five subsidiary series of XC Series PLCs are equipped with different internal resources to address specific requirements.

The resource space reaches: 1024 points flow S, 8767 points middle relayM, 544 points input relay, 544 points output relay, 640 points Timer T, 640 points counter C, 9024 points data register D, 2048 points FD, 36864 points expansion register ED.

# • 2 program forms:

XC Series PLCs can utilize 2 types of program form, i.e. Instruction List and Ladder Chart. The two types are interchangeable.

# • Extensive instructions:

Extensive instructions available, besides the basic order control, are: data transfer and compare; arithmetic; data loop and shift; the PLC also supports pulse output; high speed counter; interruption; PID etc.

#### Real time clock:

XC Series PLCs are equipped with a real time clock, for time control.

# • Compact size; straightforward installation:

XC Series PLCs are compact and simple to install. The user can choose DIN rail or screw installation style.

# **Enhanced Special Functions**

High Speed Pulse Counter features 80KHz capacity:

The CPUs of XC2/XC3/XC5 are equipped with 3 channels; 2 phases high speed counter and high speed counter comparator. Can realize single phase, pulse + direction, AB phase count, with up 80KHz frequency.

Powerful communication & network ability:

With multiple communication ports and diverse communication protocol, like Modbus protocol, Free Communication protocol etc., it's easy to build different networks. In Modbus network, PLC can be master or slave; XC5 Series is CAN-Bus compatible; Ethernet communication is achievable via the T-BOX and the G-BOX can work with GPRS network.

• High Speed Pulse Output can reach 400Hz:

XC Series PLCs\*1 are generally equipped with 2 pulse output terminals and are capable of 400KHz output; the special model\*2 has 4 channels of pulse output functions.

#### • Interruption Function:

XC Series PLCs have interruption functions; including external interruption, time interruption and high speed counter interruption; enabling them to meet different requirements.

Switch I/O points freely:

XC Series PLCs have a special switch I/O point function, this has been developed in case of terminals being damaged; there would be no need to change the program.

C language function block:

Enables the user to write the function block in C language. This can help improve program efficiency.

PID function on CPUs:

The CPUs of XC series PLCs\*1 have PID control and auto tune function.

Sequential Function Block (BLOCK):

In the sequential function Block, users can easily control instructions in a sequential manner. This function is compatible with: ON pulse output; communication; motion control and inverter's read/write etc. This function greatly simplifies program editing.

• 24 segments high speed counter interruption:

There are 24 segments of 32 bits initial value in high speed counter within XC Series PLCs<sup>\*\*1</sup>. Each segment can generate interruption with perfect real time ability, and realise electric cam function.

• PWM - Pulse Width Modulation:

XC Series PLCs<sup>\*\*1</sup> have PWM pulse width modulation function; this function can apply to DC motor control.

Frequency testing

XC Series PLCs\*\*1 are capable of frequency testing.

Precise Time

XC Series PLCs\*1can realise precise time; the precise timer is a 32 bits timer of 1ms.

Motion Control:

XCM Series PLCs<sup>\*\*1</sup> are motion control models; they can realise circular interpolation, position control etc.

XC Series PLCs refer to the PLC which can realise the mentioned functions. i.e. not all
XC Series PLCs can realise the mentioned function. For details, please refer to Appendix 4.

※2 : Here the special model refers to XC5-32T-E

# **Simple Programming**

- Programming the PLC via XCPPro is easy and has the following user-friendly attributes:
- Switch between ladder and instruction list freely.
- Offers soft device comment, ladder comment, instruction hint functions etc.
- Offers many types of program interface for special instructions, straightforward instruction writing.
- Perfect monitor mode: ladder monitor, free monitor, soft devices monitor.
- Many windows in one interface, easy to manage.

%1 : For the detailed XCPPro software application,

please refer to  $\langle\!\langle XC \text{ series PLC user manual } \big[\!\langle Software \big]\!\rangle$  .

# 1-1-3 Expansion Options

# **Expansion Modules**

To fulfil the field control requirements better, XC Series PLCs can work with expansions, each CPUs can link with up to 7 expansions.

- Diverse Types
- Digital I/O expansions, analog I/O modules, temperature control modules and mixed function modules etc.
- Compact Size
- DC24V power supply (32I/O modules are AC220V power supply).
- Analog, temperature modules all include PID tune function.

Digital I/O Modules	Analogue I/O Modules	Temperature Control Modules	Function Mixed Modules
Power Supply: DC24V AC220V	Power Supply: C24V	Power Supply: DC24V	Power Supply: DC24V
Input Points: 8-32	Type: DA,AD AD/DA	Temperature: PT100	AD: 3CH
Output Points: 8-32	DA channel Nr.: 2, 4	Thermocouple Temp. Channel Nr.: 6	Temperature: 4CH PT100
Output Type:	AD channel Nr.: 4, 8		DA: 2CH
Relay Transistor		PID Control: Included	

# **BD Cards**

Besides the expansion modules, XC Series PLCs can also accommodate additional BD Cards. The BD cards are small PCB cards which can insert into PLC from the BD port (on CPU), so this kind of expansion doesn't take extra space.

- Analog and temperature type: XC-2AD2PT-BD
- Communication: XC-COM-BD

%1: User should install and configure before using the BD cards.

For details, please refer to: 《XC series BD cards user manual》.



# 1-2 Product Code Nomenclature ( Series Numbering Principle )

# 1-2-1 Naming Principle and Model List of CPUs

# **Naming Principle of CPUs**

Naming principle of XC Series PLC CPUs:

$$\frac{\text{XC3}}{1} - \frac{\bigcirc}{2} \frac{\bigcirc}{3} - \frac{\bigcirc}{4} - \frac{\bigcirc}{5}$$

1 : Series Name XC1, XC2, XC3, XC5, XCM

2: Input/ Output Point 10, 14, 16, 24, 32, 48, 60

3 : If Input is NPN R : Relay output

T: Transistor output

RT: Relay/Transistor mix output (Y0, Y1 are Transistor)

If Input is PNP PR: Relay output

PT: Transistor output

PRT: Relay/Transistor mix output (Y0, Y1 are Transistor)

4 : Power Supply E : AC Power Supply (220V)

C: DC Power Supply (24V)

%1: Generally, clock and RS485 are standard configuration on communication port.

Some models are not included. Please refer to Appendix 4.

# **Expansion Modules**

# • XC1 Series Model List

Mod	el						
AC F	Power Supply	у	DC Power St	upply	Input Points	Output Points	
Rela	y output		Relay	Transistor	(DC24V)	(R, T)	
		output	output	output			
N	XC1-10R-E	XC1-10T-E	XC1-10R-C	XC1-10T-C	5	5	
Р	XC1-16R-E	XC1-16T-E	XC1-16R-C	XC1-16T-C	8	8	
N	XC1-24R-E	XC1-24T-E	XC1-24R-C	XC1-24T-C	12	12	
	XC1-32R-E	XC1-32T-E	XC1-32R-C	XC1-32T-C	16	16	
	XC1-10PR-	XC1-10PT-E	XC1-10PR-	XC1-10PT-C	5	5	
	E	XOT TOT TE	С	701 101 1 0		J	
Р	XC1-16PR-	XC1-16PT-E	XC1-16PR-	XC1-16PT-C	8	8	
N	Е	XC1-10F1-E	С	XC1-16F1-C		0	
Р	XC1-24PR-	XC1-24PT-E	XC1-24PR-	XC1-24PT-C	12	12	
	E XC1-24	AG1-24F1-E	С	AC1-24P1-C	12	12	
	XC1-32PR-	XC1-32PT-E	XC1-32PR-	XC1-32PT-C	16	16	
	Е	701-32F1-E	С	701-32F1-0	10	16	

# XC2 Series Model List

	XC2 Series Model List								
Mod	del						Input	Output	
AC	AC Power Supply			DC Power Su	DC Power Supply				
Re	lay output			Relay output	Transistor	R/T Type		Points	
					output		(DC24V)	(K, I)	
	XC2-14R-E	XC2-14T-E	XC2-14RT-E	XC2-14R-C	XC2-14T-C	XC2-14RT-C	8	6	
N	XC2-16R-E	XC2-16T-E	XC2-16RT-E	XC2-16R-C	XC2-16T-C	XC2-16RT-C	8	8	
Р	XC2-24R-E	XC2-24T-E	XC2-24RT-E	XC2-24R-C	XC2-24T-C	XC2-24RT-C	14	10	
N	XC2-32R-E	XC2-32T-E	XC2-32RT-E	XC2-32R-C	XC2-32T-C	XC2-32RT-C	18	14	
	XC2-48R-E	XC2-48T-E	XC2-48RT-E	XC2-48R-C	XC2-48T-C	XC2-48RT-C	28	20	
	XC2-60R-E	XC2-60T-E	XC2-60RT-E	XC2-60R-C	XC2-60T-C	XC2-60RT-C	36	24	
	XC2-14PR-	XC2-14PT-E	XC2-14PRT-	XC2-14PR-C	XC2-14PT-C	XC2-14PRT-	8	6	
	Е		Е			С			
	XC2-16PR-	XC2-16PT-E	XC2-16PRT-	XC2-16PR-C	XC2-16PT-C	XC2-16PRT-	8	8	
	Е		Е			С			
Р	XC2-24PR-	XC2-24PT-E	XC2-24PRT-	XC2-24PR-C	XC2-24PT-C	XC2-24PRT-	14	10	
N	Е		Е			С			
Р	XC2-32PR-	XC2-32PT-E	XC2-32PRT-	XC2-32PR-C	XC2-32PT-C	XC2-32PRT-	18	14	
	Е		Е			С			
	XC2-48PR-	XC2-48PT-E	XC2-48PRT-	XC2-48PR-C	XC2-48PT-C	XC2-48PRT-	28	20	
	Е		E			С			
	XC2-60PR-	XC2-60PT-E	XC2-60PRT-	XC2-60PR-C	XC2-60PT-C	XC2-60PRT-	36	24	
	Е		E			С			

# • XC3 Series Model List

	Model							Outrout
	AC	Power Supply	1	ı	DC Power Sup	pply	Input Points	Output Points
R	elay output			Relay	Transistor	R/T Type	(DC24V)	(R, T)
				output	output		(50241)	(11, 1)
N	XC3-14R-E	XC3-14T-E	XC3-14RT-E	XC3-14R-C	XC3-14T-C	XC3-14RT-C	8	6
N	XC3-24R-E	XC3-24T-E	XC3-24RT-E	XC3-24R-C	XC3-24T-C	XC3-24RT-C	14	10
N	XC3-32R-E	XC3-32T-E	XC3-32RT-E	XC3-32R-C	XC3-32T-C	XC3-32RT-C	18	14
IN	XC3-48R-E	XC3-48T-E	XC3-48RT-E	XC3-48R-C	XC3-48T-C	XC3-48RT-C	28	20
	XC3-60R-E	XC3-60T-E	XC3-60RT-E	XC3-60R-C	XC3-60T-C	XC3-60RT-C	36	24
Р	XC3-14PR-E	XC3-14PT-E	XC3-14PRT-E	XC3-14PR-C	XC3-14PT-C	XC3-14PRT-C	8	6
N	XC3-24PR-E	XC3-24PT-E	XC3-24PRT-E	XC3-24PR-C	XC3-24PT-C	XC3-24PRT-C	14	10
P	XC3-32PR-E	XC3-32PT-E	XC3-32PRT-E	XC3-32PR-C	XC3-32PT-C	XC3-32PRT-C	18	14
	XC3-48PR-E	XC3-48PT-E	XC3-48PRT-E	XC3-48PR-C	XC3-48PT-C	XC3-48PRT-C	28	20
	XC3-60PR-E	XC3-60PT-E	XC3-60PRT-E	XC3-60PR-C	XC3-60PT-C	XC3-60PRT-C	36	24

# • XC5 Series Model List

Mod	Model							01
AC	Power Supply			DC Power Sup	ply		Input Points	Output Points
Relay output				Relay output	Transistor output	R/T Type	(DC24V)	(R, T)
N	-	XC5-24T-E	-	-	XC5-24T-C	-	14	10
Р	-	XC5-32T-E	-	-	XC5-32T-C	-	18	14
N	XC5-48R-E	XC5-48T-E	XC5-48RT-E	XC5-48R-C	XC5-48T-C	XC5-48RT-C	28	20
	XC5-60R-E	XC5-60T-E	XC5-60RT-E	XC5-60R-C	XC5-60T-C	XC5-60RT-C	36	24
Р	-	XC5-24PT-E	-	-	XC5-24PT-C	-	14	10
N	-	XC5-32PT-E	-	-	XC5-32PT-C	-	18	14
P	XC5-48PR-E	XC5-48PT-E	XC5-48PRT-E	XC5-48PR-C	XC5-48PT-C	XC5-48PRT-C	28	20
	XC5-60PR-E	XC5-60PT-E	XC5-60PRT-E	XC5-60PR-C	XC5-60PT-C	XC5-60PRT-C	36	24

# • XCM Series Model List

	Model							Outmut
	AC	Power Supply		D	Input Points	Output Points		
F	Relay output			Relay output	Transistor output	R/T Type	(DC24V)	(R, T)
N	-	XCM-24T-E	-	-	XCM-24T-C	-	14	10
Р	-	XCM-32T-E	-	-	XCM-32T-C	-	18	14
N	-	XCM-48T-E	-	-	XCM-48T-C	-	28	20
Р	-	XCM-24PT-E	-	-	XCM-24PT-C	-	14	10
N	-	XCM-32PT-E	-	-	XCM-32PT-C	-	18	14
Р	-	XCM-48PT-E	-	-	XCM-48PT-C	-	28	20

 $\frak{\%}1:$  XC1 has also a special 20I/O model available

※2: XCM-48 is in development

# 1-2-2 Expansion Units – Naming Principle and Module List

# I/O Expansion Units

# The I/O Expansion Unit's Model Naming Principle:

$$\frac{XC - E \bigcirc \square}{1} \frac{\square}{2} \frac{\square}{3} \frac{\square}{4} \frac{\square}{5} \frac{\square}{6}$$

1 : Series name XC2 : For Expansion E

3 : Input points
 4 : For Input
 8, 16, 32
 NPN Type: X
 PNP Type: PX

5 : Output points 8, 16, 32

6 : For output YR : relay output

YT: transistor output

# • I/O Expansion Unit List:

Мо	del		1/0	Input	Output	
	Input	0	utput	I/O Points	Points	Points
	прис	Relay Output	Transistor Output	FUIILS	(DC24V)	(R, T)
	XC-E8X	-	-	8	8	-
	-	XC-E8YR	XC-E8YT	8	-	8
N	-	XC-E8X8YR	XC-E8X8YT	16	8	8
Р	XC-E16X	-	-	16	16	-
N	-	XC-E16YR	XC-E16YT	16	-	16
	-	XC-E16X16YR	XC-E16X16YT	32	16	16
	XC-E32X	-	-	32	32	-
	-	XC-E32YR	-	32	-	32
	XC-E8PX	-	-	8	8	-
	-	XC-E8YR	XC-E8YT	8	-	8
Р	-	XC-E8PX8YR	XC-E8PX8YT	16	8	8
N	XC-E16PX	-	-	16	16	-
Р	-	XC-E16YR	XC-E16YT	16	-	16
	-	XC-E16PX16YR	XC-E16PX16YT	32	16	16
	XC-E32PX	-	-	32	32	-
	-	XC-E32YR	-	32	-	32

# **Analog & Temperature Expansion Units**

# Analog, Temperature Model Naming Principle:

XC-E 4AD 4DA 6PT 6TCA-P

0 2 3 4 5

① For Expansion E

② Analog Input 4AD: 4CH analog input

8AD: 8CH analog input

3 Analog Output 2DA : 2CH analog output

4DA: 4CH analog output

④ PT100 Temperature 6PT: 6CH PT100

⑤ K type thermocouple 6TCA: 6CH thermocouple input (V3.1or above)

© P, I, D tune P: with PID tune

Blank: without PID tune

# Analog Modules List:

Model		Description
Angles	XC-E8AD	8CH analog input
Analog	XC-E4AD	4CH analog input
Input	XC-E4AD2DA	4CH analog input, 2CH analog output
Analog	XC-E2DA	2CH analog output
Output	XC-E4DA	4CH analog output
	XC-E6PT-P	6CH PT100 testing with PID tune
T	XC-E6TCA-P	6CH K type thermocouple testing, each channel's PID
Temperatur		tune separately
e Input	XC-E3AD4PT2DA	3CH analog input, 4CH PT100 testing, 2CH analog output
	XC-E2AD2PT2DA	2CH analog input, 2CH PT100 testing, 2CH analog output

**BD Card** 

# The BD Card Naming Principle:

XC-4AD 6PT 6TC-P-BD

1 23 45

① Analog Input 4AD: 4CH analog input

8AD: 8CH analog input

② PT100 Temperature 6PT: 6CH PT100 temperature Testing

③ K Type thermocouple 6TC: 6CH thermocouple testing

④ P, I, D Tune P: with PID tune

Blank: without PID tune

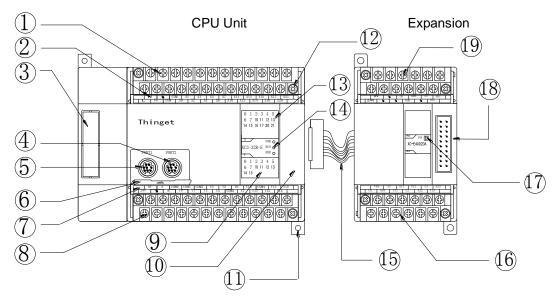
⑤ For BD card BD

# BD Card List

Model		Description		
Temperature XC-2AD2PT-BD		2CH analog input, 2CH PT100 temperature testing		
Communication	XC-COM-BD	RS-485/232 communication		



# 1-3 General Component Layout Diagram



Number	Name	Number	Name
1	Input power supply terminals	11	Installation holes (2)
2	Input terminal label	12	Screws to install/remove the terminals
3	Port to install BD card	13	Input LED
4	COM2	14	Action LED: PWR (power); RUN (RUN);
			ERR (Error)
5	COM1	15	Expansion cable
6	Cover plate for COM port	16	Output terminals
7	Output terminal label	17	Action LED: PWR (power);
8	Output& 24V power terminals	18	Port to connect with expansion
9	Output LED	19	Input & power supply terminals
10	Port to connect with expansion		

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# 2 Specifications and Parameters of CPUs

This chapter mainly tells the general specifications, performance, external dimensions, terminals arrangement and communication interface of the CPUs. For the expansions, please refer to chapter 8.

2-1. Specifications and Parameters

2-2. External Dimension

2-3. Terminal Arrangements

2-4. Communication Interface Ports – Pin Configuration



# 2-1 Specifications and Parameters

# 2-1-1 General Specifications

Items	Specifications				
Isolate Voltage	Above DC 500V 2M ohm				
Anti-noise	Noise voltage 1000Vp-p 1uS pulse per minute				
Atmosphere	No erosive, flammable gas				
Ambient	0°C~60°C				
Temperature					
<b>Ambient Humidity</b>	5%~95% (no dew)				
COM1 <sup>*1</sup>	RS-232, connect with the host machine, HMI to program or debug				
COM2 <sup>*2</sup>	RS-232/RS-485, connect with net or intelligent instruments, inverters				
	etc.				
COM3 <sup>**3</sup>	RS-232C/RS-485 expanded by BD card				
COM4 <sup>**4</sup>	CANBUS COM port				
Installation	Use M3 screws or DIN to fix <sup>*5</sup>				
Grounding	Ensure ground is provided separate from Motor circuits (Clean Earth)**6				

※1 : All the CPUs have COM1, for program and communication.

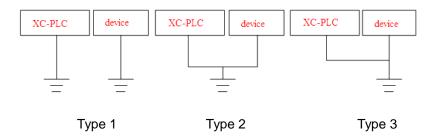
%2: 10I/O, 14I/O, 16I/O CPUs don't have COM2.

3: COM3 is the COM port from BD Card (XC-COM-BD).

¾4 : COM4 is only equipped on XC Series.

35 : The DIN rail should be DIN46277, width is 35mm.

%6: The grounding should be like type 1 and 2, not 3 (on diagram below).



# 2-1-2 Individual Series' Performance and Specifications

XC1 Series

Items		Specificati	ions				
Program Execu	ting Form	Loop scan	Loop scan form				
Program Form		Instruction,	Lado	adder			
Dispose Speed		0.5 us					
Power Off Rete	ntive	Use FlashROM					
User's program	space <sup>*1</sup>	32K					
	Total I/O	10	16		24	32	
	Innut	5	8		12	16	
I/O points <sup>**2</sup>	Input	X0~X4	X0~	X7	X0~X13	X0~X17	
	Outroot	5	8		12	16	
	Output	Y0~Y4	Y0~	Y7	Y0~Y13	Y0~Y17	
Internal Coils ()	<b>()</b> ** <sup>3</sup>	X0~X77 (	(64)				
Internal Coils (	′) <sup>**4</sup>	Y0~Y77 (	(64)				
				M0~N	1199		
				[M200~M319] **5			
				For Special Use <sup>*6</sup> M8000~M8079			
Internal Coils	(M)	448		For Special Use <sup>*6</sup> M8120~M8139			
				For Special Use <sup>*6</sup> M8170~M8172			
				For Special Use <sup>*6</sup> M8238~M8242			
				For Special Use <sup>*6</sup> M8350~M8370			
Flow (S)		32 S0~S31					
		80		T0~T23: 100ms not accumulate			
				T100	~T115 : 100m	ns accumulate	
	Points			T200~T223: 10ms not accumulate			
				T300~T307: 10ms accumulate			
Timer (T)				T400~T403: 1ms not accumulate			
				T500~T503: 1ms accumulate			
		100mS tim	er: se	t time (	).1~3276.7se	C.	
	Spec.	10mS time	r: set	time 0.	01~327.67se	C.	
			set ti	me 0.0	01~32.767se	C.	
				C0~C	23: 16 bits se	equential counter	
				C300~C315: 32 bits sequential/inverse			
Countar (C)	Delast	40		counter			
Counter (C)	Points	48		C600	~C603: single	e phase high speed counter	
				C620~C621			
				C630~C631			

	Spec.	16 bits counter:	16 bits counter: set value K0~32,767			
	орес.		32 bits counter: set value -2147483648~+2147483647			
			D0~D99			
			【D100~D149】 <sup>※5</sup>			
			For Special Use <sup>*6</sup> D8000~D8029			
Deta Davieter /	<b>.</b>	200	For Special Use <sup>*6</sup> D8060~D8079			
Data Register (I	))	288 words	For Special Use <sup>*6</sup> D8120~D8179			
			For Special Use <sup>*6</sup> D8240~D8249			
			For Special Use <sup>*6</sup> D8306~D8313			
			For Special Use <sup>*6</sup> D8460~D8469			
			FD0~FD411			
			For Special Use <sup>*6</sup> FD8000~FD8011			
FloobBOMBogic	otor (ED)	510 words	For Special Use <sup>*6</sup> FD8202~FD8229			
FlashROMRegis	ster (FD)	510 Words	For Special Use <sup>*6</sup> FD8306~FD8315			
			For Special Use <sup>*6</sup> FD8323~FD8335			
			For Special Use <sup>*6</sup> FD8350~FD8384			
High Speed Dis	posability	No				
Password Prote	ection	6 bits ASCII				
Self-diagnose F	unction	Power on self-ch	neck, monitor the timer, grammar check			

# **XC2 Series**

Items		Specifications						
Program Ex	ecuting Form	Loop scan form						
Program Fo	rm	Instruction, Ladder						
Dispose Spe	eed	0.5 us						
Power Off R	etentive	Use Flash	ROM					
User's prog	ram space*1	128K						
	Total I/O	14	16	24	32	48	60	
I/O nainta	Innut	8	8	14	18	28	36	
I/O points	Input	X0~X7	X0~X7	X0~X15	X0~X21	X0~X33	X0~X43	
	Output	6	8	10	14	20	24	
	Output	Y0~Y5	Y0~Y7	Y0~Y11	Y0~Y15	Y0~Y23	Y0~Y27	
Internal Coil	s (X)*3	X0~X777	(512)					
Internal Coil	s (Y)* <sup>4</sup>	Y0~Y777	(512)					
		0700	M0~M2999					
Internal Coil	s (M)	8768 points	[M3000~M7999] * <sup>5</sup>					
			For Special Use <sup>×6</sup> M8000~M8767					
FI. (0)		1024	S0~S511					
Flow (S)	Flow (S)		【S512~	S1023]				
Ti	n a inta	640	T0~T99	: 100ms not	accumulat	е		
Timer	points	points	T100~T1	99 : 100ms	accumulat	е		

			T200~T299: 10ms not accumulate		
			T300~T399: 10ms accumulate		
			T400~T499: 1ms not accumulate		
			T500~T599: 1ms accumulate		
			T600~T639: 1ms precise time		
		100mS tim	ner: set time 0.1~3276.7sec.		
	Spec.	10mS time	er: set time 0.01~327.67sec.		
	орес.	1mS timer	: set time 0.001~32.767sec.		
			C0~C299: 16 bits sequential counter		
		640	C300~C598: 32 bits sequential/inverse counter		
	points	points	C600~C619: single phase high speed counter		
Counter (C)		points	C620~C629: dual-phase high speed counter		
			C630~C639: AB phase high speed counter		
	Spec.	16 bits counter: set value K0~32,767			
	орес.	32 bits counter: set value -2147483648~+2147483647			
			D0~D999		
Data Register	(D)	2612	【D4000~D4999】* <sup>5</sup>		
Data Register	(0)	Words	For Special Use <sup>*6</sup> D8000~D8511		
			For Special Use*6D8630~D8729		
		512	FD0~FD255		
FlashROM Register (FD)		words	For Special Use <sup>*6</sup> FD8000~FD8255		
High Speed	d Dispose	High spee	d counter, pulse output, external interruption		
Password Pro	tection	6 bits ASC	CII		
Self-diagnose	Function	Power on	self-check, monitor the timer, grammar check		

# XC3 Series

Items		Specifications					
Program E	Program Executing Form		rm				
Program F	orm	Instruction, L	adder				
Dispose Sp	eed	0.5 us					
Power Off	Retentive	Use FlashRC	OM and Li bat	ttery			
User's prog	gram space <sup>*1</sup>	128K	128K				
	Total I/O	14	24	32	48	60	
I/O nainta	loout	8	14	18	28	36	
I/O points	Input	X0~X7	X0~X15	X0~X21	X0~X33	X0~X43	
	Output	6	10	14	20	24	
Output		Y0~Y5	Y0~Y11	Y0~Y15	Y0~Y23	Y0~Y27	
Internal Coils (X)*3		X0~X777 (512)					
Internal Co	ils (Y)*4	Y0~Y777 (	512)				

			M0~M2999			
Internal Coils	(M)	8768	[M3000~M7999] *5			
	( )	points	For Special Use <sup>x6</sup> M8000~M8767			
		1024	S0~S511			
Flow (S)		points	[S512~S1023]			
		-	T0~T99: 100ms not accumulate			
			T100~T199: 100ms accumulate			
			T200~T299: 10ms not accumulate			
	points	640	T300~T399: 10ms accumulate			
T:		points	T400~T499: 1ms not accumulate			
Timer			T500~T599: 1ms accumulate			
			T600~T639: 1ms precise time			
		100mS tim	ner: set time 0.1~3276.7sec.			
	Spec.	10mS time	er: set time 0.01~327.67sec.			
		1mS timer	1mS timer: set time 0.001~32.767sec.			
		640 points	C0~C299: 16 bits sequential counter			
	points		C300~C598: 32 bits sequential/inverse counter			
			C600~C619: single phase high speed counter			
Counter (C)			C620~C629: dual-phase high speed counter			
			C630~C639 : AB phase high speed counter			
	Spec.	16 bits counter: set value K0~32,767				
	Орсо.	32 bits counter: set value -2147483648~+2147483647				
		9024	D0~D3999			
Data Registe	r (D)	words	[D4000~D7999] *5			
			For Special Use <sup>*6</sup> D8000~D9023			
ElachDOM D	ogistor (ED)	2048	FD0~FD1535			
riasiikuivi k	FlashROM Register (FD)		For Special Use <sup>×6</sup> FD8000~FD8512			
·		16384	ED0~ED16383			
(ED)*7	(ED)* <sup>7</sup> v		250 2510000			
High Spee Ability	d Dispose	High spee	d counter, pulse output, external interruption			
Password Pr	otection	6 bits ASC	II			
Self-diagnose	e Function	Power on	self-check, monitor the timer, grammar check			

# **XC5 Series**

Items	Specifications	
Program Executing Form	Loop scan form	
Program Form	Instruction, Ladder	
Dispose Speed	0.5 us	
Power Off Retentive	Use FlashROM	
User's program space*1	96K	

	Total I/O	24	32	48	60		
1/0	1	14	18	28	36		
I/O points	Input	X0~X15	X0~X21	X0~X33	X0~X43		
-	Output	10	14	20	24		
	Output		Y0~Y15	Y0~Y23	Y0~Y27		
Internal Coi	ls (X)*3	512 points: X0~X777					
Internal Coi	ls (Y)*4	512 points: Y0~Y777					
		8768	M0~M3999				
Internal Coi	ls (M)	points	【M4000~M799				
				* <sup>6</sup> M8000~M8767			
Flow (S)		1024	S0~S511	_			
		points	【S512~S1023】				
				s not accumulate			
			T100~T199 : 10	00ms accumulate			
				ms not accumula	te		
	points	640 points	T300~T399 : 10				
			T400~T499: 1ms not accumulate				
Timer			T500~T599: 1ms accumulate				
			T600~T639: 1ms precise time				
		100mS timer: set time 0.1~3276.7sec.					
	Spec.		: set time 0.01~3				
		1m5 timer:	set time 0.001~32	2.767SeC.			
			C0~C299: 16 bits sequential counter				
		040	C300~C598: 32 bits sequential/inverse counter				
	points	640	C600~C619: single phase high speed counter				
Counter (C)		points	C620~C629: dual-phase high speed counter				
			C630~C639 : AB phase high speed counter				
	Snoo	16 bits cour	16 bits counter: set value K0~32,767				
	Spec.	32 bits cour	nter: set value -21	47483648~+214	7483647		
			D0~D999	_			
Data Regist	er (D)	9024	[D4000~D4999				
Data Nogio	OI (D)	words	For Special Use*				
			For Special Use*	<sup>6</sup> D8630~D8729			
FloobDOM	Dogiotor (FD)	6144	FD0~FD5119				
FIASTIKUW	Register (FD)	words	For Special Use*6FD8000~FD9023				
Expand	he internal	36864	EDO EDOCACA				
registers (E	D)* <sup>7</sup>	words	ED0~ED36863				
High Spe	ed Dispose	High anged	counter sules s	itaut avtornal inte	rruntion		
Ability		піўн ѕрееа	counter, pulse of	ıtput, external inte	пирион		
Password F	rotection	6 bits ASCII					
Self-diagno	se Function	Power on s	Power on self-check, monitor the timer, grammar check				

# **XCM Series**

Items		Specifications			
Program Execu	ting Form	Loop scan for	n		
Program Form		Instruction, La	dder		
Dispose Speed		0.5 us			
Power Off Reter	ntive	Use FlashROM and Li battery			
User's program	space*1	160K			
	Total I/O	24	32	48	
1/0	la a t	14	18	28	
I/O points <sub>*2</sub>	Input	X0~X015	X0~X021	X0~X33	
	Output	10	14	20	
	Output	Y0~Y011	Y0~Y015	Y0~Y23	
Internal Coils (X	()* <sup>3</sup>	X0~X1037 (To	tal 544)		
Internal Coils (Y	′) <sup>*4</sup>	Y0~Y1037 (To	tal 544)		
			M0~M2999		
Internal Coils	(M)	8768 points	[M3000~M7999]	*5	
			For Special Use*6	M8000~M8768	
Flow (S)		1024 points	S0~S511		
FIOW (5)		1024 points	[S512~S1023]		
	points	640 points	T0~T99: 100ms not accumulate		
			T100~T199: 100r	ms accumulate	
			T200~T299 : 10m	s not accumulate	
			T300~T399: 10m	s accumulate	
Timer			T400~T499 : 1ms	not accumulate	
			T500~T599: 1ms	accumulate	
			T600~T639: 1ms precise time		
		100mS timer: set time 0.1~3276.7sec.			
	Spec.	10mS timer: set time 0.01~327.67sec.			
		1mS timer: set time 0.001~32.767sec.			
			C0~C299: 16 bits sequential counter		
			C300~C598: 32	bits sequential/inverse	
			counter		
	points	640 points	C600~C619: sin	gle phase high speed	
Counter (C)			counter		
			C620~C629: dual-phase high speed counter		
			C630~C639 : AB phase high speed counter		
	Spec.	16 bits counter: set value K0~32,767			
		32 bits counte		33648~+2147483647	
			D0~D2999	w5	
Data Register (I	<b>)</b>	5024 words	[D4000~D4999] *5		
			For Special Use <sup>x6</sup> D8000~D9023		

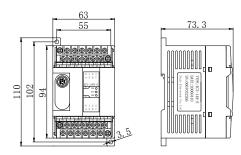
		FD0~FD63			
	524 words	For Special Use*6FD8000~FD8349			
		For Special Use*6FD8890~FD8999			
Expand the internal registers (ED)*7	36864 words	ED0~ED36863			
High Speed Dispose Ability	High speed co	ounter, pulse output, external interruption			
Password Protection	6 bits ASCII				
Self-diagnose Function Power of		elf-check, monitor the timer, grammar check			

- \*1 : The user's program space: refers to the maximum program space when using 'Secret Download' function.
- \*2 : I/O points: refer to the maximum external terminal connection points available.
- \*3 : X: refers to the internal input relays, users can use middle relay when exceeding the Input points
- ×4: Y: refers to the internal output relays, users can use middle relay when exceeding the Output points.
- ×5: [] Sign: the default power off retentive area, this area can be changed.
- \*6 : For special use: refers to the special usage registers that are occupied by the system this can't be applied for other usage. For details, please refer to Appendix 1;
- \*7 : Only the hardware with 3.0 or above version of the CPUs have internal expansion register ED.



# 2-2 External Dimensions

# Graph 1

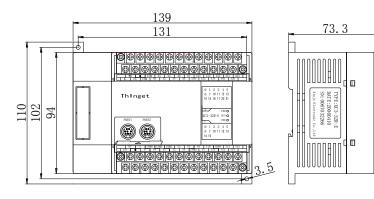


(Unit: mm)

Applicable to Models

Series	I/O
XC1	10 and 16
XC2	14 and 16
XC3	14

# Graph 2

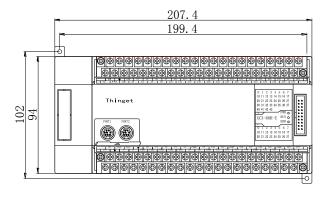


(Unit: mm)

Applicable to Models

Series	I/O
XC1	24 and 32
XC2	24 and 32
XC3	24 and 32
XC5	24 and 32
XCM	24 and 32

# Graph 3



(Unit: mm)

73. 3 Appl

Series	I/O
XC2	48 and 60
XC3	48 and 60
XC5	48 and 60
XCM	48

Applicable to Models

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# 2-3 Terminal Arrangements

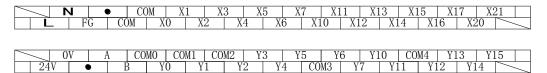
# Graph A



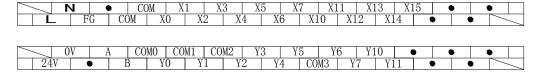
# Graph B



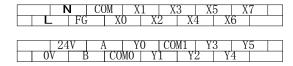
# Graph C



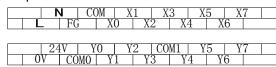
# Graph D



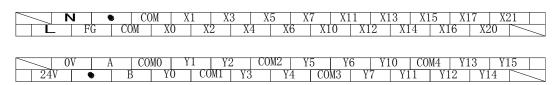
# Graph E



# Graph F



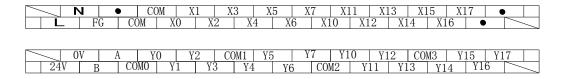
# Graph G



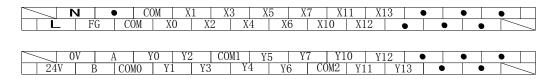
# Graph H

N	• COM >	(1 X3 X5	X7 X11	X13 X15	• •
<b>∟</b> FG	COM XO	X2 X4	X6 X10 X	12 X14 •	
OV	1 COMO   1	71   Y2   COM2	) V5   V6	V10 -	
UV	A COMO		10 10	110	• •
24V   •	B   Y0	COM1 Y3	Y4 COM3 Y	7   1   1   •	

# Graph I



# Graph J



# Graph K

	1	C0	M	X1	X	.3	•		•	
L	FG		Х0		X2	X4		•		
24	ĮV	Y	0	Y2	CO	M1	•		•	

# **Graph to Model key:**

Graph	Suitable Model	Comment
Α	XC2-60, XC3- 60, XC5- 60	36 input/24 output
В	XC2-48, XC3- 48, XC5- 48	28 input/20 output
С	XC2-32, XC3- 32	18 input/14 output
D	XC2-24, XC3- 24	14 input/10 output
Е	XC2-14, XC3- 14	8 input/6 output
F	XC1- 16, XC2-16	8 input/8 output
G	XC5- 32, XCM-32	18 input/14 output
Н	XC5- 24, XCM-24	14 input/10 output
I	XC1- 32	16 input/16 output
J	XC1- 24	12 input/12 output
K	XC1-10	5 input/5 output



# 2-4 Communication Interface Ports – Pin Configuration

# COM 1

Pins of COM1:



Mini Din 8 female

2: PRG

4: RxD

5: TxD

6: VCC

8: GND

# COM 2

Pins of COM2\*1:



Mini Din 8 female

4: RxD

5: TxD

8: GND

# **Program Cable**



 $\times 1$ : in the graph we show only RS232 of COM2, we extend RS485 (A, B) to the terminals), therefore we have not listed them here.

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# 3 System Structure

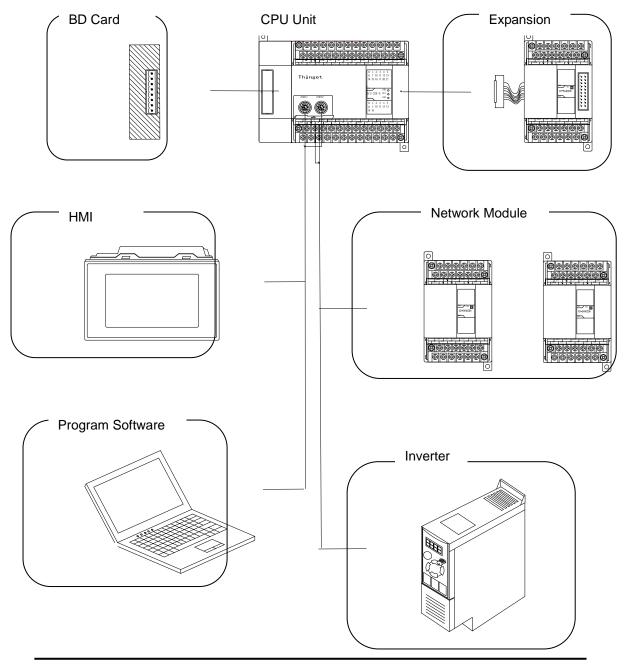
As the controller, the XC Series PLC can connect with many different types of expansion modules etc. In this chapter, we mainly cover the expansion devices; the connection principles of CPUs with expansion modules; installation; calculation of the I/O points and input/output ID etc. For the introduction of expansions, please refer to chapter 8.

3-1. System Structure
3-2. Peripheral Devices
3-3. System Composition Fundamentals
3-4. Expansion's ID assignment
3-5. Install the Products



# 3-1 System Structure

In the diagram below, we show the common system structure according to XC Series PLCs' basic configuration. It shows the basic connection between the PLC and peripheral equipment; also classic applications of the PLC's separate COM port, connection and expansion etc.



\*1: In the above graph, the communication devices connected to the COM port are only samples for your reference. Each COM port can connect with many devices in real applications.

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# 3-2 Peripheral Equipment

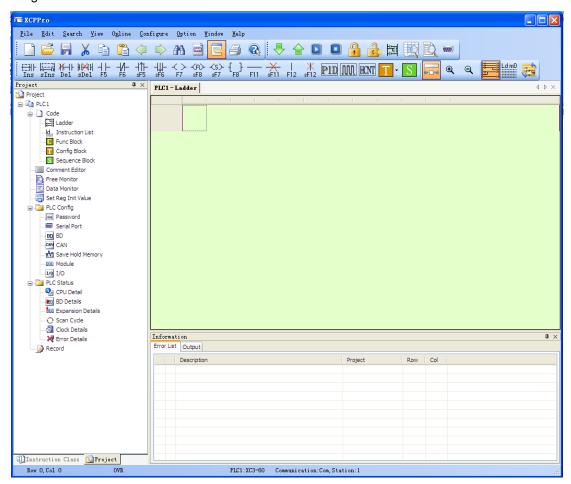
XC Series PLC basic units can work with many kinds of peripheral equipment.

# 3-2-1 Program Software

Via program software, users can write-to or upload program from PLCs, monitor PLCs in real time or configure PLCs etc.

After installing XCPPro on your PC, use the program cable, via COM1 or COM2 on PLCs (CPUs) to link PLC with XCPPro;

# Program Interface



\*1 : Communication Cables are available for Listo Limited, alternatively, specification and pin-outs are shown in Chapter 2-4

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# 3-2-2 Human Machine Interface (HMI)

The HMI links PLCs to the operators. The HMI can send the commands from operators to PLCs, the PLC then executes the commands.

XC Series PLCs support diverse brands of HMI; the connection is based on the communication protocol. Generally, communication is via Modbus protocol, the detailed parameter settings depends on the HMI.

Listo HMIs can work with the PLC directly (the communication parameters are factory-set). Listo currently offers four series of HMI: TH, TP, OP and MP.

# **TP / TH Series**

#### **Touch Panel Monitors**

Size: 4.7", 5.7", 7", 10.4"

Display: 256 true color TFT

Operation: Touch Screen

Interface: RS232, RS422, RS485

Communication Compatible with many PLC brands, inverters, instruments etc.

Communicates with Listo Inverters

Driver panel printer directly

Dual COM ports, work with two different devices separately

Supports free format protocol;

Recipe

Advanced Function RTC: Real Time Clock

Password: nine-level setting

# **OP Series**

# **Operation Panels**

Size 3.7", 5.7"

Display Blue LCD, 256 true color

Buttons Nr. 7, 20, 42

Interface RS232, RS485

Communication Compatible with many PLC brands.

Communicates with Listo Inverters

**RTC** 

#### **MP Series**

# **Operation Panels with Touch Function**

Size 3.7", 7"

Display 256 true color, blue LCD

Buttons Nr.: 26, 42, the LCD is a touch screen

Interface: RS232, RS485

Communication Compatible with many PLC brands.

Communicates with Listo Inverters

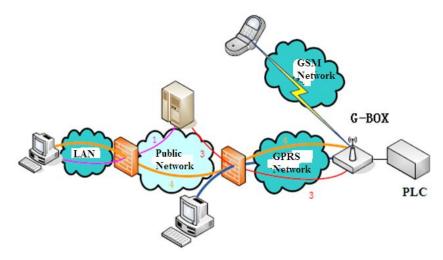
RTC: Real Time Clock

# 3-2-3 Network Modules

PLCs can build Modbus network, special models can build CAN-Bus network.

If the basic units are configured with the special network module, they can connect to GPRS network, Ethernet etc.

# **G-BOX**



Data transfer wirelessly, open and transparent.

Remote program and debug PLC, realize upload/download PLC.

Integral data transfer terminal of TCP/IP protocol pallet, supports TCP, UDP, DNS, PPP etc.

Standard industrial interface (RS-232 or RS-485).

Supports long time online mode, equipped with re-dial and heart-beat functions.

Supports SMS to control PLC.

Supports local configuration.

Supports GPRS network and GSM network.

Suitable for distribution system and remote control applications.

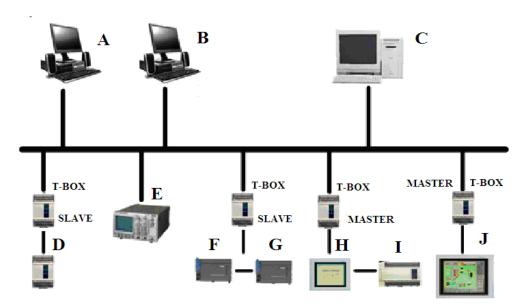
#### T-BOX

As an industrial Ethernet module, T-BOX supports Modbus-RTU devices, the design is comparable to industrial Ethernet control systems.

Remote integral maintenance and interrogation of PLC program on IP devices.

Remote integral monitor of PLC program on IP devices.

The traditional Modbus communication is 'one master - multi-slave' form. The communication speed is slow. Via the connection by T-Box, users can realize the data exchange among master PLC and each subsidiary PLC.



Realize flexible distributing automation structure, simplify system management.

Realize Ethernet communication via RJ45 interface; the communication is based on standard TCP/IP protocol.

Realize remote program, monitor, diagnosis via industrial Ethernet, therefore saving a lot of time and cost.

Store and operate data information via Ethernet, build-base to simplify the data disposal and file.

Enable the communication between Ethernet and automation equipment, enable these devices to be used in complicated systems.

High performance/price ratio, link the Ethernet to all the automation devices and levels in a simple form.

Easy to maintenance, supports simple diagnostic / interrogation function.



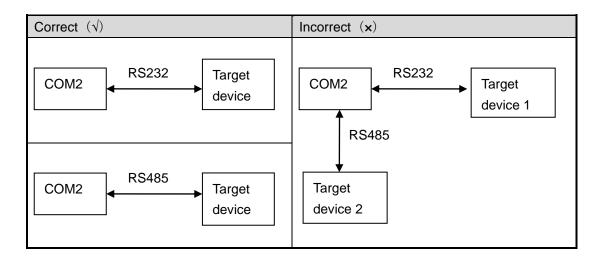
# 3-3 System Composition Fundamentals

# **Communication Ports**

XC Series PLC (CPUs) are usually equipped with COM1 and COM2.

Normally, both COM ports can be used to program, download, communication; however if the parameters on two COM ports are changed simultaneously this will cease to function.

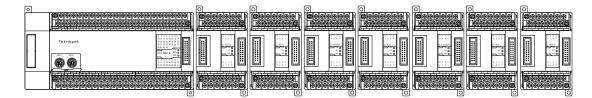
COM2 is equipped with RS232 and RS485. But COM2 can't use these two modes at one time; i.e. COM2 can only be applied to one interface mode.



## **Expansion Devices**

Generally, one CPU can work with different types of expansions, expanding digital I/O, analog I/O, temperature control etc.

One unit can work with up to 7 expansions and an extra BD card.



After connect the CPU with the expansion, if the "PWR" LED on expansion unit is ON, the expansion can work properly; after installing the BD card to CPU, both units require configuring before use.

# How to Calculate the I/O

Once expanded, the total I/O points = I/O on basic unit + I/O on expansions.

Digital I/O is Octal

Analog I/O is Decimal

After expansion, the total I/O can reach 284 points

How to Calculate the I/O Points

Basic Unit XC3-32R-E (18I/14O) connected to 5 Expansion Units:

XC-E8X8Y, XC-E16X, XC-E32Y, XC-E2AD, XC-E4DA.

The total I/O points should be:

Input Points: 18 + 8 + 16 = 42Output points: 14 + 8 + 32 = 54



# 3-4 ID Assignment of Expansions

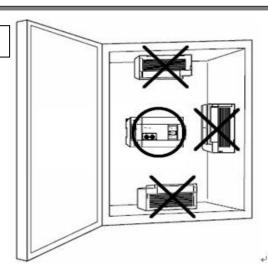
Digital Input X   X100-X137   32 points
Position
Analog Input ID ID100~ID131 16 channels Analog Output QD QD100~QD131 16 channels Module's Value D D8250~D8259 -  Digital Input X X200~X237 32 points Digital Output Y Y200~Y237 32 points Analog Input ID ID200~ID231 16 channels Analog Output QD QD200~QD231 16 channels Module's Value D D8260~D8269 -  Digital Input X X300~X337 32 points Digital Output Y Y300~Y337 32 points Digital Output Y Y300~Y337 32 points Analog Input ID ID300~ID331 16 channels Analog Input ID ID300~ID331 16 channels Analog Output QD QD300~QD331 16 channels Module's Value D D8270~D8279 - Digital Input X X400~X437 32 points Digital Output Y Y400~Y437 32 points Analog Input ID ID400~ID431 16 channels Analog Output QD QD400~QD431 16 channels Module's Value D D8280~D8289 -  Position Analog Output QD QD400~QD431 16 channels Module's Value D D8280~D8289 - Digital Input X X500~X537 32 points Digital Output Y Y500~Y537 32 points Analog Input ID ID500~ID531 16 channels Analog Output QD QD500~QD531 16 channels
Analog Output QD   QD100~QD131   16 channels
Digital Input X   X200~X237   32 points
Digital Output Y   Y200~Y237   32 points
Analog Input ID
## Analog Input ID
Analog Output QD QD200~QD231 16 channels  Module's Value D D8260~D8269 -  Digital Input X X300~X337 32 points  Digital Output Y Y300~Y337 32 points  Analog Input ID ID300~ID331 16 channels  Analog Output QD QD300~QD331 16 channels  Module's Value D D8270~D8279 -  Digital Input X X400~X437 32 points  Digital Output Y Y400~Y437 32 points  Analog Input ID ID400~ID431 16 channels  Analog Output QD QD400~QD431 16 channels  Analog Output QD QD400~QD431 16 channels  Module's Value D D8280~D8289 -  Digital Input X X500~X537 32 points  Digital Output Y Y500~Y537 32 points  Analog Input ID ID500~ID531 16 channels  Analog Output QD QD500~QD531 16 channels
Digital Input X   X300~X337   32 points
Digital Output Y   Y300~Y337   32 points
Analog Input ID   ID300~ID331   16 channels
Analog Input ID ID300~ID331 16 channels  Analog Output QD QD300~QD331 16 channels  Module's Value D D8270~D8279 -  Digital Input X X400~X437 32 points  Digital Output Y Y400~Y437 32 points  Analog Input ID ID400~ID431 16 channels  Analog Output QD QD400~QD431 16 channels  Module's Value D D8280~D8289 -  Digital Input X X500~X537 32 points  Digital Output Y Y500~Y537 32 points  Analog Input ID ID500~ID531 16 channels  Analog Output QD QD500~QD531 16 channels
Analog Output QD
Digital Input X   X400~X437   32 points
Digital Output Y   Y400~Y437   32 points
Position           4#         Analog Input ID         ID400~ID431         16 channels           Analog Output QD         QD400~QD431         16 channels           Module's Value D         D8280~D8289         -           Digital Input X         X500~X537         32 points           Digital Output Y         Y500~Y537         32 points           Analog Input ID         ID500~ID531         16 channels           Analog Output QD         QD500~QD531         16 channels
Analog Input ID
Analog Output QD QD400~QD431 16 channels  Module's Value D D8280~D8289 -  Digital Input X X500~X537 32 points  Digital Output Y Y500~Y537 32 points  Analog Input ID ID500~ID531 16 channels  Analog Output QD QD500~QD531 16 channels
Digital Input X   X500~X537   32 points
Digital Output Y   Y500~Y537   32 points
Position  Analog Input ID ID500~ID531 16 channels  Analog Output QD QD500~QD531 16 channels
Analog Input ID         ID500~ID531         16 channels           Analog Output QD         QD500~QD531         16 channels
Analog Output QD QD500~QD531 16 channels
Module's Value D
Digital Input X X600~X637 32 points
Digital Output Y Y600~Y637 32 points
Position Analog Input ID ID600~ID631 16 channels
Analog Output QD QD600~QD631 16 channels
Module's Value D D8300~D8309 -
Digital Input X X700~X737 32 points
Digital Output Y Y700~Y737 32 points
Analog Input ID ID700~ID731 16 channels
Position Analog Output QD QD700~QD731 16 channels
7# Module's Value D D8310~D8319 -

Expansion Position	Туре	ID (As Register)	Maximum points/channels		
	Digital Input X	X1000~X1037	32 points		
BD Card	Digital Output Y	Y1000~Y1037	32 points		
	Analog Input ID	ID1000~ID1031	16 channels		
	Analog Output QD	QD1000~QD1031	16 channels		
	Module's Value D	D8320~D8329	-		



# 3-5 General Installation Notes

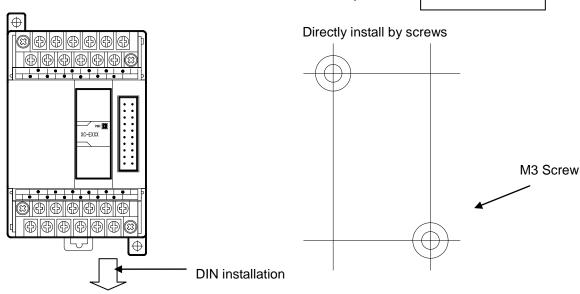
# **Installation Positions**



# **Installation Method**

Use a DIN rail or screws to install the CPU units and expansions.

Use DIN46277



# **Installation Environment**

Please install the products according to chapter 2-1-1



# **Power Supply Specification and Wiring Method**

In this chapter, we cover the structure, specification and external wiring of XC Series PLCs. The wiring methods differ from model to model, particularly in terms of wiring terminals. For each model's terminal arrangement, please refer to chapter 2-3.

4-1. Power Supply Specification	
4-2. AC Power, DC Input Type	



# **4-1 Power Supply Specifications**

The power supply specifications of XC series PLCs are listed below:

# **AC Power Supply Type**

Items	Content
Rated Voltage	AC100V~240V
Allow Voltage Range	AC90V~265V
Rated Frequency	50/60Hz
Allow momentary power-off time	Interruption Time≤0.5 AC cycle, interval≥1sec
Impulse Current	Below 40A 5mS/AC100V below 60A 5mS/AC200V
Maximum Power Consumption	12W
Power Supply for Sensor	24VDC±10% maximum 400mA

time or voltage decreases abnormally, the PLC will stop working - Output will be OFF. When the power supply recovers, the PLC will run automatically.

**\*3:** The grounding terminals on basic units and expansions connect together and third type grounding should be followed.

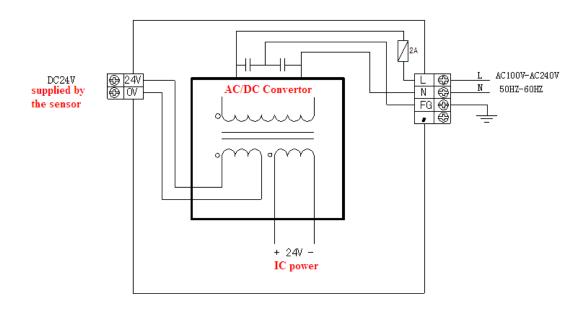
# **DC Power Supply Type**

Items	Content
Rated Voltage	DC24V
Allow Voltage Range	DC21.6V~26.4V
Input Current (Only for basic	120mA DC24V
unit)	
Allow momentary power off time	10mS DC24V
Impulse Current	10A DC26.4V
Maximum Power Consumption	12W
Power Supply for Sensor	24VDC±10% maximum 400mA



# 4-2 AC Power DC Input Type

# Connection



# \*1: Connect the power supply to L, N terminals.

- \*2: 24V, COM can supply 400mA/DC24V power supply. Do not give these two terminals power supply.
- \*3: Terminals are blank terminals not for connection, please do not wire them or use them as middle relays.
- \*4: Please connect the COM terminals on basic units and expansions together.

# 5

# **Input Specifications and Wiring Methods**

In this chapter we explain the input specifications and external wiring methods of XC

in relation to the position of terminals. For each model's terminal arrangement, prefer to chapter 2-3.	,
5-1. Input Specification	

Series PLCs. The connection methods differ according to the different models; specifically

5-3. High Speed counter input

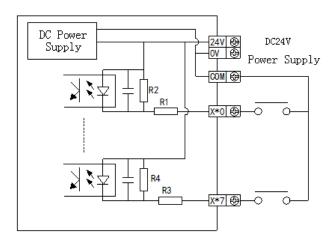
5-2. DC Input Signal (AC power supply type)



# 5-1 Input Specification

**Basic Units** 

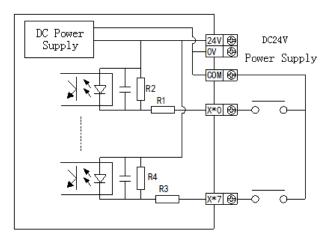
Input signal's voltage	DC24V±10%
Input signal's current	7mA/DC24V
Input ON current	Up to 4.5mA
Input OFF current	Low than 1.5mA
Input response time	About 10ms
Input signal's format	Contact input or NPN open collector transistor
Circuit insulation	Photo-electricity coupling insulation
Input action's display	LED light when input ON



# **Expansion Modules**

Input signal's voltage	DC24V±10%
Input signal's current	7mA/DC24V
Input ON current	Up to 4.5mA
Input OFF current	Low than 1.5mA
Input response time	About 10ms

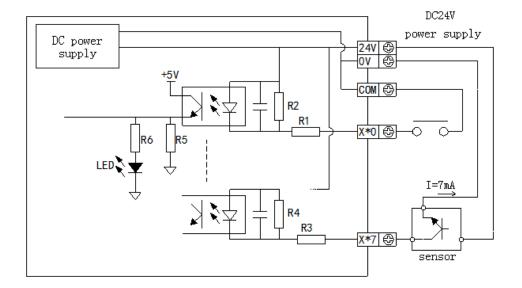
Input signal's format	Contact input or NPN open collector transistor
Circuit insulation	Photo-electricity coupling insulation
Input action's display	LED light when input ON





# 5-2 DC Input Signal (AC Power Supply Type)

**DC Input Signal** 



# Input Terminal

When connecting input terminals and COM terminals, with volt-free contacts or NPN open collector transistors; if the input is ON, LED lamp lights, which indicates input. There are many COM terminals to connect in PLC.

#### Input Circuit

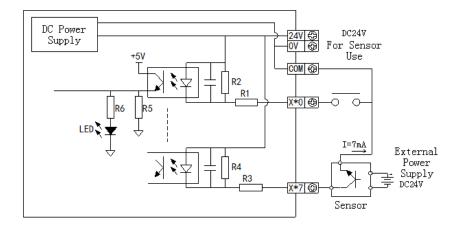
Use optical coupling instruments to insulate the input once circuit and twice circuit. There is a C-R filter in the twice circuit. It is set to avoid wrong operation caused by vibration of input contacts or noise along with input signal. As the preceding reason, for the changing of input ON→OFF, OFF→ON, in PLC, the response time delays about 10ms. There is a digital filter inside X000~X015. This kind of filter can vary from 0~15ms according to the special register (D8020).

## Input sensitive

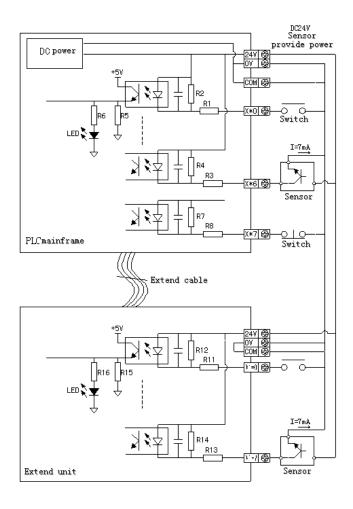
The PLC's input current is DC24V/7mA, but to be safe, it needs current up to 3.5mA when ON and lower than 1.5mA when OFF.

## **External Circuit Supply utilized by Sensors**

XC Series PLCs' power input is supplied by its interior 24V power, if using exterior power to drive a photo-electric sensor etc., this exterior power should be DC24V±4V, please use NPN open collector type for sensor's output transistor.



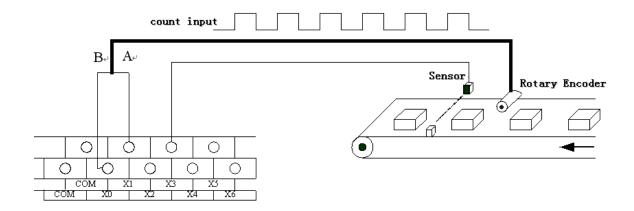
**Input Wiring** 





# 5-3 High Speed Counter Input

XC Series PLCs support a high speed count function which is independent within the scan cycle. By using a different counter, testing the high speed input signal is achieved through the sensor and rotary encoder. The maximum testing frequency is 80KHz.



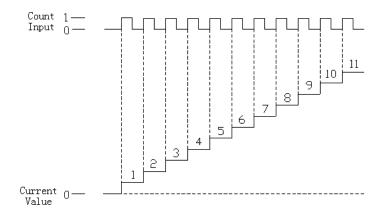
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# 5-3-1 Count Mode

XC Series HSC function has three count modes: Increment mode, Pulse + Direction mode and AB-phase mode;

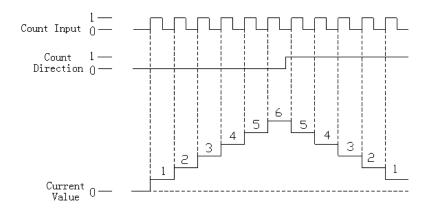
# **Increment Mode**

Under this mode, input the pulse signal, the count value will increase with every rising edge of the pulse signal;



## **Pulse + Direction Mode**

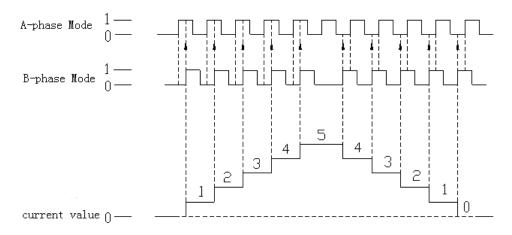
In this mode, pulses are counted in either Increments of Decrements. If count direction is set to ZERO then Pulse Counts are Increments; if count direction is set to ONE, Pulse Counts are decremented. The diagram below indicates this function.



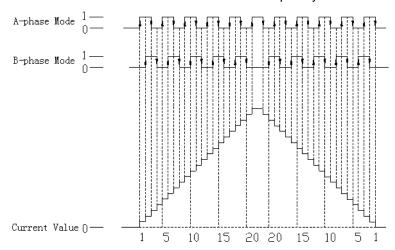
# **AB Phase Mode**

Under this mode, the HSC value will increase or decrease according to the two different signals (A phase or B phase). According to the times number, we have also one-time frequency mode and four-time frequency mode. The default mode is four-time frequency mode.

# One-time Frequency Mode



Four-time Frequency Mode



# 5-3-2 High Speed Count Range

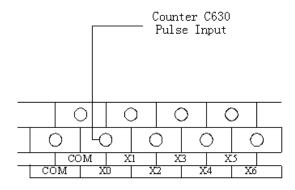
The HSC's count range is: K-2,147,483,648 ~ K+2,147,483,647. If the count value exceeds this range, up-flow or down-flow appears;

The up-flow means: the count value jumps from K+2,147,483,647 to be K-2, 147, 483, 648, then continues to count; The up-flow means: the count value jumps from K-2,147,483,648 to be K+2,147,483,647, then continues to count.

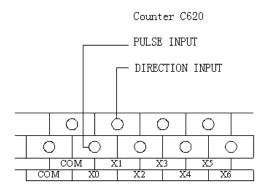
# 5-3-3 Input Wiring of HSC

The input wiring of pulse differs according to the PLC and counter's model. Below, we show several typical wiring methods (take XC3-48 PLC as the example):

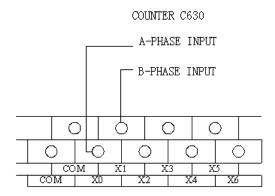
#### **Increment Mode**



## **Pulse + Direction Mode**



# **AB Phase Mode**



# **5-3-4** Input Terminals Assignment

1 - High Speed Counters Assignment of XC Series PLCs:

		PLCs equipped high speed counters assignment							
PLC Model		Increasing	AB Phase Mode						
		Mode	Direction						
XC2 Whole Serie	es	5	2	2					
	14I/O	4	2	2					
XC3 Series	24I/O, 32I/O	6	3	3					
	48I/O, 60I/O	4	2	2					
VCE Sorios	24I/O, 32I/O	2	1	1					
XC5 Series	4I/O, 60I/O	6	3	3					
XCM Series	24I/O, 32I/O	2	1	1					

# 2 - Input Terminals of HSC:

Letter key:

U	Dir	А	В
Counter's pulse	Counter's direction judgment	A phase	B phase
input	(OFF: increment counter, ON: decrement	input	input
	counter)		

Normally, X0 and X1 terminal's input frequency can reach 80KHz under single-phase and AB phase mode; the other terminal's input frequency can reach 10KHz under single-phase mode and 5KHz under AB phase mode. If X input terminals are not used as high speed input ports, they can be used as common input terminals. The detailed port assignment is shown below:

	XC2 PLCs – Whole Series																	
	Increment Mode						Puls	se + 0	directi	AB phase mode								
	C60	C60	C60	C60	C60	C61	C61	C61	C61	C61	C62	C62	C62	C62	C62	C63	C63	C63
	0	2	4	6	8	0	2	4	6	8	0	2	4	6	8	0	2	4
Highest frequency	80K	80K	10K	10K	10K						80K	10K				80K	5K	
4 times frequency																<b>V</b>		
Counter interruption	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>						<b>V</b>					<b>V</b>		
X000	U										U					Α		
X001		כ									Dir					В		
X002																		
X003			כ									J					Α	
X004												Dir					В	
X005																		
X006				U														
X007					U													
X010																		
X011																		
X012																		

						2	хСз	-14 F	PLC										
		Increment Mode										Pulse + direction mode					AB phase mode		
	C60	C60	C60	C60	C60	C61	C61	C61	C61	C61	C62	C62	C62	C62	C62	C63	C63	C63	
	0	2	4	6	8	0	2	4	6	8	0	2	4	6	8	0	2	4	
*Max. Frequency	10K	10K	10K	10K							10K	10K				5K	5K		
4 times frequency																	<b>V</b>		
Counter's interruption	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>								<b>√</b>					<b>V</b>		
X000	U										U					Α			
X001											Dir					В			
X002		U																	
X003			U																
X004												Dir					Α		
X005				U								U					В		

<sup>\*</sup> C600, C620, C630 can be 80KHz with customer's special requirements

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							Х	C3-1	9AR	-E								
		Increment Mode											directi	ode	AB phase mode			
	C60		C60	C60		C61		C61	C61		C62		C62					C63
	0	2	4	6	8	0	2	4	6	8	0	2	4	6	8	0	2	4
Max. Freq.	10K	10K	10K	10K							10K	10K				5K	5K	
4-time Freq.																	<b>V</b>	
Count Interrupt	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>								<b>√</b>					<b>√</b>	
X000	U										U					Α		
X001											Dir					В		
X002		U										U					Α	
X003												Dir					В	
X004			U															
X005				U					·									

							хс	3-48	, 60 I	PLC								
	Increment Mode										Puls	se + 0	directi	ode	AB phase mode			
	C60	C60	C60	C60	C60	C61	C61	C61	C61	C61	C62	C62	C62	C62	C62	C63	C63	C63
	0	2	4	6	8	0	2	4	6	8	0	2	4	6	8	0	2	4
Max.	ยบห	8UK	10K	10K							80K	80K				80K	80K	
Freq.	OUIX	OOK	TOIX	TOIX							OOK	OOK				OUIX	OUIX	
4-time																	V	
Freq.																	V	
Count	V	V	V	V								<b>√</b>					V	
Interrupt		•	•	٧								<b>V</b>					٧	
X000	U										U					Α		
X001											Dir					В		
X002		U										U					Α	
X003												Dir					В	
X004			U															
X005				U														

					XC3	-24/3	32 PI	_C a	nd X	C5-4	8/60	PLC						
				Inc	reme	nt Mo	ode				Pul	se+D	irecti	ode	AB phase Mode			
	C60	C60	C60	C60	C60	C61	C61	C61	C61	C61	C62	C62	C62	C62	C62	C63	C63	C63
	0	2	4	6	8	0	2	4	6	8	0	2	4	6	8	0	2	4
Max. Freq.	80K	80K	10K	10K	10K	10K					80K	10K	10K			80K	5K	5K
4-time Freq.																1		<b>√</b>
Count Interrupt	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>					<b>V</b>					1		
X000	U										U					Α		
X001		U									Dir					В		
X002																		
X003			כ									U					Α	
X004												Dir					В	
X005																		
X006				J									J					Α
X007													Dir					В
X010																		
X011					U													
X012						U												

					XC	5-24	/32 I	PLC,	XCN	1-24/	32 P	LC						
	Increment Mode											se + (	directi	ode	AB phase mode			
	C60	C60	C60	C60	C60	C61	C61	C61	C61	C61	C62	C62	C62	C62	C62	C63	C63	C63
	0	2	4	6	8	0	2	4	6	8	0	2	4	6	8	0	2	4
Max. Freq.	80K	10K									80K					80K		
4-time Freq.																1		
Count Interrupt	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>									1					1		
X000	U										U					Α		
X001											Dir					В		
X002																		
X003		U																
X004																		
X005																		
X006																		

# 5-3-5 AB Phase Counter's Frequency Multiplication Setting

With the AB Phase Counter, the user can modify the value in FLASH data registers FD8241, FD8242, FD8243 to set the frequency multiplication value. When the value is 1, it is 1 time frequency; when the value is 4, it is 4 times frequency.

Register	Function	Setting Value	Content
FD8241	Fraguency Multiplication of C620	1	1 time frequency
FD0241	Frequency Multiplication of C630	4	4 time frequency
FD8242	Fraguency Multiplication of C622	1	1 time frequency
FD0242	Frequency Multiplication of C632	4	4 time frequency
FD8243	Frequency Multiplication of C634	1	1 time frequency
FD0243	Frequency Muniplication of C634	4	4 time frequency

<sup>※1:</sup> In some special models, only one axis can be set as one time frequency or 4 times frequency, the left two axis are separately one time frequency and 4 times frequency.

# 6 Output Specification and Wiring Methods

In this chapter we examine the output specifications and external wiring methods of XC series PLCs. The connection method differs from model to model; particularly in terms of terminal position. For each individual model's terminal arrangement, please refer to chapter 2-3.

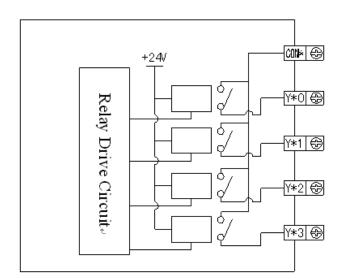
6-1. Output Specifications
6-2. Relay Output Type
6-3. Transistor Output Type



# 6-1 Output Specifications

# **Relay Output**

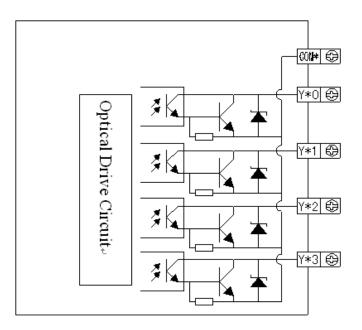
		T					
Interior po	wer	Below AC250V, DC30V					
Circuit ins	ulation	Mechanism insulation					
Action der	ote	LED indicate lamp					
	Resistant	3A					
Max	load						
load	Induce load	80VA					
	Lamp load	100W					
Open c	rcuit's leak	-					
current							
Mini load		DC5V 2mA					
Response	OFF→ON	10ms					
time	ON→OFF	10ms					



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# **Normal Transistor Output**

Interior po	wer	Below DC5~30V
Circuit ins	ulation	Optical coupling
		insulation
Action der	note	Indicate lamp LED
Max	Resistance	0.8A
load	load	
	Induce load	12W/DC24V
	Lamp load	1.5W/DC24V
Open circu	uit's leak current	-
Mini load		DC5V 2mA
Response	OFF→ON	Below 0.2ms
time	ON→OFF	Below 0.2ms



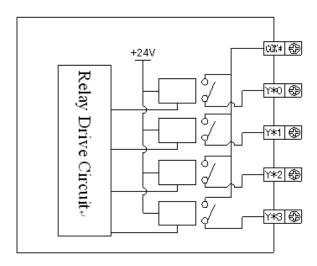
# **High Speed Pulse Output**

Model	RT or T Type
High Speed Pulse Output	Common models are Y0, Y1; XC5-24/32 model is Y0~Y3
Terminal	
External Power Supply	Below DC5~30V
Action Indication	LED Lamp
Maximum Current	50mA
Max output frequency of pulse	400KHZ



# 6-2 Relay Output Type

# **Relay Output Circuit**



## Output Terminals

Relay output type includes 2~4 public terminals. So each public-end unit can drive different power-voltage systems (E.g.: AC200V, AC100V, DC24V etc.) loads.

#### • Circuit Insulation

Between the relay output coils and contacts; PLC's interior circuits and exterior circuits and load circuits electrical insulation is given. Each public-end blocks are separate.

#### Action display

LED lamp lights when output relay's coils galvanize, output contacts are ON.

# Response time

From the output relay galvanize (or cut) to the output contacts be ON (or OFF), the response time is about 10ms.

## Output current

The current-voltage below AC250V can drive the load of pure resistance 2A/1 point, inductance load below 80VA (AC100V or AC200V) and lamp load below 100W (AC100V or AC200V) .

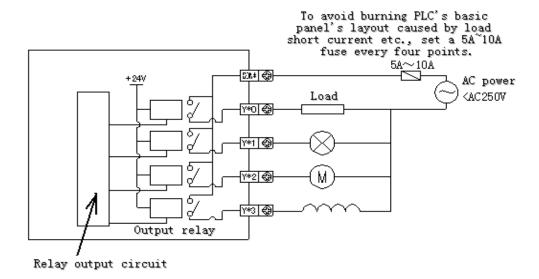
# Open circuit's leak current

When the output contact is OFF and there's no leak current, can directly drive Ne lamp etc.

# The life of relay output contacts

Standard life of inductive AC load such as a contactor, electromagnetism valve: 5 million times for 20VA load. Cut power device's life according to the company's test: for 80VA load, the action life is up to 2 million times. But if the load parallel connection with surge absorber, the life will be greatly improved!

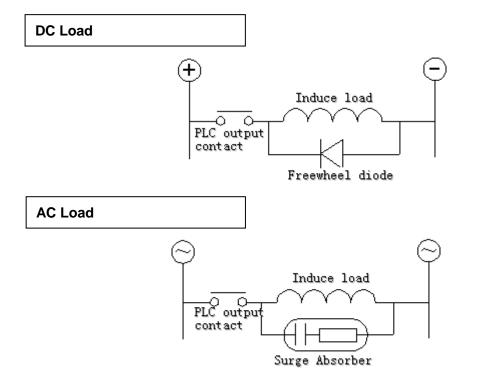
# **Output Connection Example**



# **Constitution of Output Circuit**

For DC induced loads, parallel connect with commutate diode. If it is not connected with a commutate diode, the contact's life will be decreased greatly. Choose a commutate diode which allows inverse voltage endurance up to 5~10 times of the load's voltage, ordinal current exceeds load current.

Parallel connecting AC induced load with a surge absorber can reduce noise.





# **6-3 Transistor Output Type**

Transistor output models support high speed pulse output and normal transistor these two types:

# **Normal Transistor Output**

#### Output Terminals

There are 1~4 COM outputs on transistor output type CPUs.

#### External Power Supply

DC5~30V stable power supply.

#### • Circuit Isolation

PLCs have internal optical couples to isolate the internal circuit with the output transistors; public blocks isolate to each other.

#### Action Indication

When driving optical couples, LED will be ON, the output transistors will be ON;

#### • Response Time

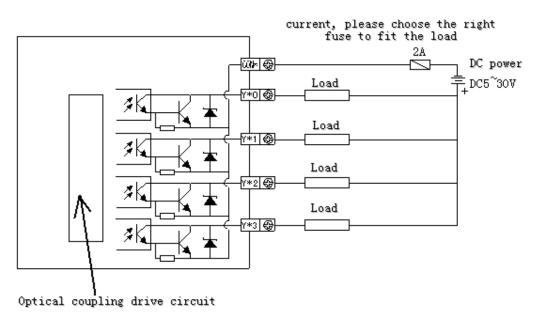
From optical couple being ON (or OFF) to transistor being ON (or OFF), PLC needs time below 0.2ms.

# Output current

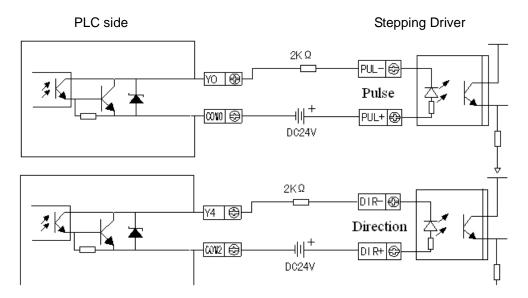
Each output's current is 0.5A. But limited by the temperature rising, every 4 points' total current should be below 0.8A.

# • Open circuit current

Below 0.1mA



E.g.: Below is the connection diagram of RT/T type PLC with stepping driver:



(Make sure the driver's optical couple's input terminal has 8~15mA reliable current)

# RUN, DEBUG, MAINTENANCE

In this chapter, we explain the whole process of using a PLV, from programming to function. Running, debugging and maintenance of PLCs is included.

7-1. Run and Debug		
7-2. Daily Maintenance		



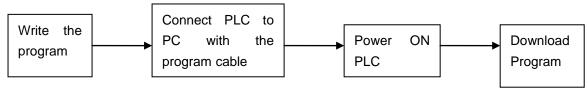
# 7-1 Run and Debug

#### **Check the Products**

On receipt of products, check if the input/output terminals are correct, or if there is any component missing. Generally, you can power on the PLC directly at this time. Check if PWR and RUN LED are ON.

## Write and Download the Program

After confirming the products, please write the program for PLC. Write the program via computer then download the program to your PLC. The general operation steps are listed below:



\*1: Please link the download cable before you power on the PLC. Or else the COM port will be easily damaged! The method to connect BD card and expansion is same.

# **Debug the Products**

In Ideal conditions, the PLC is in running mode, however, if you find some mistakes in the program and you need to modify the program, you should write the new program to the running PLC:

Connect PLC to PC with the program cable

Upload the program in PLC

Modify the uploaded program [we suggest you to save the modified program]

Pause the running of PLC, download the modified program to PLC

Use ladder monitor, free monitor to monitor PLC

# LED on PLC

When the PLC is running correctly, the **PWR** and **RUN** LED should be permanently ON; If **ERR** LED keep is ON, it indicates that PLC is running in error, please correct the program; If **PWR** LED is OFF, it indicates that there is no power supply, please check your wiring.



# 7-2 Daily Maintenance

# **Regular Equipment Checks**

Even the PLC has certain anti-interfere ability and strong stability, you should check the PLC regularly.

The check items include:

Check if the input/output terminals, power supply terminals are loosen

Check if the COM ports are correct

Check if the PWR LED, I/O LED can be ON

Clear the dusts on PLC, to avoid the dusts fall into PLC

Manage to make PLC running, the storage environment fits the standard told in chapter 2-1-1

#### About the Battery

There are no components in general PLCs that decrease the life of the battery, so the battery can be used all the time, however, if your PLC supports clock function, you should change the battery regularly.

The battery's life is usually 3~5 years.

If utilizing relay output PLC type, and the relay needs to open/close frequently, or drive large capacity loads, the battery's life may be decreased.

If you find battery's power decreased, please change it as soon as possible.

After changing the battery, please power the system ON immediately, or else the battery will run out of power automatically.

# Disposal

At the end of their useful life, the packaging and products should be treated as industrial waste and disposed of via a suitable recycling centre. Do not dispose of with normal household waste. Do not burn.

# 8 Expansion Devices

XC Series PLC expansions include Expansion Modules and Expansion BD cards. The Expansion Modules include Input/Output Expansion Modules, Analog and Temperature Expansion Modules; BD Cards include Analog, Temperature, communication applications etc. Via the expansion devices, XC Series PLCs are used widely in temperature, flow, liquid, pressure fields etc.

8-1. Modules Summary
8-2. Input/output Modules
8-3. Analog Temperature Modules
8-4. Expansion BD cards

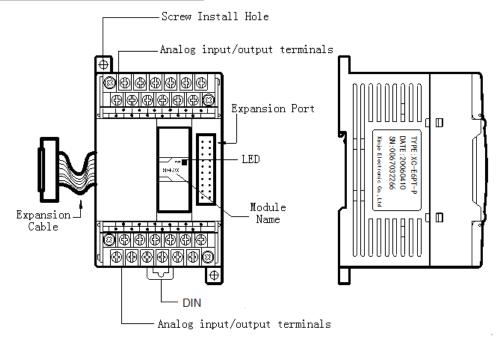


# 8-1 Modules Summary

# **General Specifications**

Item	Content
Using environment	noncorrosive gas
Environmental Temperature	0°C~60°C
Stock temperature	-20~70°C
Environmental Humidity	5~95%
Stock Humidity	5~95%
Installation	Use M3 screws to fix or install on DIN46277 (width 35mm) DIN

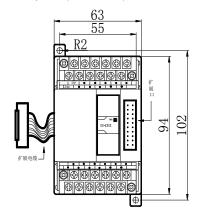
# **Module Structure**

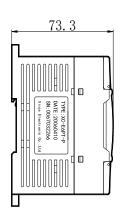


Name	Function
Power Supply Indication	The LED is ON when power on the module
Module Name	The model name of this special module
Expansion Port	Link with other expansion module
Analog input/output terminal	Used to connect with analog input/output and peripheral equipments,
	can be removed
DIN guild rail	Used to install the module directly
Screws install hole	Put M3 screw in the hole to finish installation
Expansion Cable	Realize data transfer by linking this cable to with PLC extension port

#### **External Dimensions**

Graph 1 (Unit: mm)

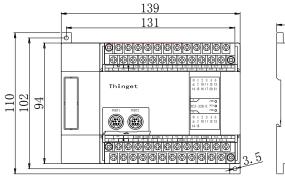


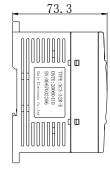


#### Suitable Models

Module Type	Model
Digital	8I/O, 16I/O
Input/output	
Analog	All
Temperature	All
Mixture	All

Graph 2 (Unit: mm)



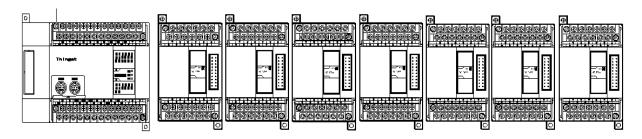


Suitable Models

Module Type	Model
Digital	32I/O
Input/output	
Analog	None
Temperature	None
Mixture	None

#### **Module Configuration**

XC series modules can be installed on the right of XC-PLC main units:



Digital input/output quantity is in octal form;

Input/output analog is in decimal form.

PLC main units can work with 7 expansions and one extra BD card. The expansion module can be any type (analog or digital, temperature).



## 8-2 Digital Input/Output Modules

Input/Output expansions, I/O ranges 8~32, Input type, Output type, Input/Output type, Transistor Output, Relay Output etc;

#### **Model List**

The detailed models are listed below:

Мо	del				Innest Na	Outrout Na
	Innut	Output		I/O Nr.	(DC24V)	Output Nr.
	Input	Relay Output	Transistor Output	1	(DC24V)	(K, I)
	XC-E8X	-	-	8	8	-
	-	XC-E8YR	XC-E8YT	8	-	8
Ν	-	XC-E8X8YR	XC-E8X8YT	16	8	8
Р	XC-E16X	-	-	16	16	-
Ν	-	XC-E16YR	XC-E16YT	16	-	16
	-	XC-E16X16YR	XC-E16X16YT	32	16	16
	XC-E32X	-	-	32	32	-
	-	XC-E32YR	-	32	-	32
	XC-E8PX	-	-	8	8	-
	-	XC-E8YR	XC-E8YT	8	-	8
Р	-	XC-E8PX8YR	XC-E8PX8YT	16	8	8
Ν	XC-E16PX	-	-	16	16	-
Р	-	XC-E16YR	XC-E16YT	16	-	16
	-	XC-E16PX16YR	XC-E16PX16YT	32	16	16
	XC-E32PX	-	-	32	32	-
	-	XC-E32YR	-	32	-	32

#### **Module Specification**

Power Supply Specification - DC24V (32 I/O Expansion is AC220V)

#### **Input Specification:**

Input Items	Content
Input signal's voltage	DC24V±10%
Input signal's current	7mA/DC24V
Input ON current	Up to 4.5mA
Input OFF current	Low than 1.5mA
Input response time	About 10ms
Input signal's format	Contact input or NPN open collector transistor
Circuit insulation	Photo-electricity coupling insulation
Input action's display	LED light when input ON

## Relay Output:

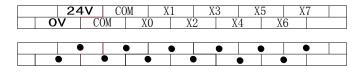
Input Items		Content
Internal power		Below AC250V, DC30V
Circuit insulation	1	Mechanism insulation
Action denote		LED indicate lamp
	3A	3A
Max load	80VA	80VA
	100W	100W
Open circuit's le	ak current	-
Mini load	DC5V 2mA	10ms
Response time	10ms	10ms

#### **Transistor Output:**

Input Items			Content				
Internal po	wer		Below DC5~30V				
Circuit insi	ulation	1	Optical coupling insulation				
Action der	ote		Indicate lamp LED				
Max	0.8A		0.8A				
load	12W	/DC24V	12W/DC24V				
	1.5W	//DC24V	1.5W/DC24V				
Open circu	uit's le	ak current	-				
Mini load		DC5V 2mA	DC5V 2mA				
Response	time	Below 0.2ms	Below 0.2ms				

## **Terminal Arrangements**

#### XC-E8X



## XC-E8YR, XC-E8YT

	•			•			)	•				
•		•		•			•	)		•		
	Y0	Y	1	Y	2	CO	M3	Y	5	Y	7	
COMO	CO	M1	C0	M2	Y:	3	Y	4	Y	6		

#### XC-E8X8YR, XC-E8X8YT

24	<b>1V</b> C	OM	X1	X3	3	Х5		Х7	
ΟV	COM	X0	, ,	X2	Х4		Х6		
Y	0 Y	1	Y2	COM	ИЗ	Y5	1	¥7	

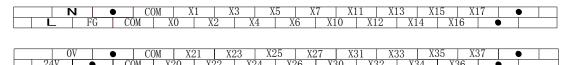
#### XC-E16X

24	łV C	OM	X	1	X		X.	5	Х	7	
ΟV	COM	X	0	X:	2	X-	4	X	6		
CC	OM X	11	X1	13	X1	.5	X1	.7	-	•	

#### XC-E16YR, XC-E16YT

Y	0 Y	1 Y	2 C0	M3 Y	5	7
COMO	COM1	COM2	Y3	Y4	Y6	
17.1	0 77	1 17	10   00	M7 1 W	1 - 1 37	17
Y J	LU Y.	LI II.	12   00	M7 Y	15   Y	17

#### XC-E32X



#### XC-E32YR, XC-E32YT

	N		•	Y0	Т	Y2	(	COM1	Y5	Y	7	Y20	Y22		COM3	Y25	)   ]	727	Τ
		FG	CC	OMO	Y1	1 1	73	Y4		Y6	- ( (	)M2 Y2	21	Y23	Y2	4	Y26		
	•			•		·		•				•	•			•			
	OV		•	Y20		Y23		M5	Y25	Y2	7	Y30	Y32		COM7	Y35		37	
241	I		CO	M4	V22	V	23	V24	7	725	CO	M6 V	31	V33	V.	24	V36		

#### XC-E16X16YR





#### **8-3 Analog Temperature Modules**

As the special modules of XC Series PLC, analog and temperature modules can work with other XC Series PLCs to achieve process controls like temperature, pressure, flow etc. For details, please refer to 《XC Series Analog/Temperature Expansions Manual》

The detailed modules are listed below:

Model	Function
XC-E8AD	8 channels analog input (14bit); 4 channels current input, 4 channels
	voltage input
XC-E4AD2DA	4 channels analog input (14bit); 2 channels analog output (12bit); current,
	voltage selectable
XC-E4AD	4 channels analog input (14bit); current, voltage selectable
XC-E4DA	4 channels analog output (12bit); current, voltage selectable
XC-E2DA	2 channels analog output (12bit); current, voltage selectable
XC-E6PT-P	-100°C~350°C, 6 channels Pt100 temperature sampling, 0.1 degree
	precision, include PID operation
XC-E6TCA-P	0°C~1000°C, 6 channels K type thermocouple temperature sampling
	module, 0.1 degree precision, include PID operation
XC-E3AD4PT2DA	3 channels current input (14bit), 4 channels Pt100 temperature sampling
	and 2 channels 10 bits voltage output
XC-E2AD2PT2DA	2 channels current input (14bit), 2 channels Pt100 temperature sampling
	(16bit), and 2 channels 10 bits voltage output

#### 8-3-1 XC-E8AD

#### **Product Overview**

- 14 bits high precision analog input8 channels analog input
- The first four channels voltage input (0~5V, 0~10V two kinds)
- The left 4 channels current input (0~20mA, 4~20 mA two kinds)
- As special function module of XC Series, up to 7 modules can be connected together.

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## **Specification**

Items	Voltage input (0CH-3CH)	Current input (4CH-7CH)
Analog input bound	DC0~5V, 0~10V	DC0~20mA, 4~20mA
Max input bound	±18V	0~40mA
Digital output bound	14 bits binary data	
PID control value	0∼K4095	
Distinguish Ratio	1/16383 (14Bit)	
Integrate Precision	0.8%	
Convert speed	20ms/channel	
Power used by analog	DC24V±10%, 100mA	

## **Terminal Arrangement**

(XC-E8AD)

		0	V	•	)	CO	)	C1		C2	2	С3	<b>,</b>	
	24V		•	)	.V	Ι0	V	I1	VI	2	VI	3		
		•	)	A]	[0	A]	1	AI	2	A]	[3			

СН	NAME	SIGNAL	СН	NAME	SIGNAL				
CH0	AI0	VI0+ voltage input	CH1	Al1	VI1+ voltage input				
	C0	VI0- voltage input		C1	VI1- voltage input				
CH2	Al2	VI2+ voltage input	СНЗ	Al3	VI3+ voltage input				
	C2	VI2- voltage input		C3	VI3- voltage input				
CH4	VI0	Al0+ current input	CH5	VI1	Al1+ current input				
	C0	Al0- current input		C1	Al1- current input				
CH6	VI2	Al2+ current input	CH7	VI3	Al3+ current input				
	C2	Al2- current input		C3	Al3- current input				
-	24V	+24V power supply	+24V power supply						
	0V	COM of power supp	oly						

#### 8-3-2 XC-E4AD2DA

#### **Product Overview**

- 4CH analog input: voltage and current input selectable
- Voltage input range is 0∼5V, 0∼10V selectable
- Current input range is 0~20mA, 4~20mA selectable
- 2CH analog output: voltage and current input selectable
- Voltage input range is 0∼5V, 0∼10V selectable
- Current input range is 0~20mA, 4~20mA selectable
- 14 bits high precision analog input
- As a special module, up to 7pcs XC-E4AD2DA can be connected to one XC Series PLC main unit.

## **Specification**

#### XC-E4AD2DA module 4-channel A / D function with PID control

Items	Analog Input			Analog Output				
items	Voltage Input	Cur	rent Input	Voltage output	Current Output			
Analog Input Range	0~5V,0~10V	0~2	20mA,4~20mA	-				
Max Input Range	DC±18V	0~4	l0mA	-				
Analog Output Range	-			0~5V, 0~10V, (external load resistor 2ΚΩ~1ΜΩ)	0~20mA,4~20mA (external load resistor 500Ω)			
Digital Input Range	-			12bits binary (0~4095)				
Digital Output Range	14 bits binary (	0~16	383)	-				
Distinguish Ratio			convert data is m of Hex. (14Bit)	1/4095(12Bit); the convert data is stored in PLC in form of Hex. (14Bit)				
PID Output Value	0~K4095		THOT FIGN. (TIBIL)	1111 20 111101111 01	TIOX. (TIBIL)			
Integral precision	0.8%							
Convert Speed	20ms/CH		3ms/CH					
Power Supply	DC24V±10%, 1	100m	A					

## **Terminal Arrangement**

(XC-E4AD2DA)

	0V	•	C0	A00	C1	A01	
24V		)	<ul> <li>V</li> </ul>	00	V	701	
	VIO	C1	A11	VI2	C3	AI3	

СН	NAME	SIGNAL	СН	NAME	SIGNAL
CH0	AI0	Current analog input	CH1	Al1	Current analog input
	VI0	Voltage analog input		VI1	Voltage analog input
	C0	COM of CH0		C1	COM of CH1
CH2	Al2	Current analog input	СНЗ	Al3	Current analog input
	VI2	Voltage analog input		VI3	Voltage analog input
	C2	COM of CH2		C3	COM of CH3
CH0	AO0	Current analog output	CH1	AO1	Current analog output
	VO0	Voltage analog output		VO1	Voltage analog output
	C0	COM of CH0		C1	COM of CH1
	24V	+24V power supply			
-	0V	COM of power supply			

#### 8-3-3 XC-E4AD

#### **Product Overview**

- 4CH analog input: voltage and current input selectable
- Voltage input range is 0∼5V, 0∼10V selectable
- Current input range is 0~20mA, 4~20mA selectable
- 14 bits high precision analog input
- As a special module, up to 7pcs XC-E4AD can be connected to one XC Series PLC main unit.

#### **Specification**

XC-E4AD module support PID auto tune function

Items	Analog Input (AD)						
items	Voltage Input	Current Input					
Analog Input Range	DC0~5V, 0~10V DC0~20mA, 4~20mA						
Max Input Range	DC±18V DC0~40mA						
Analog Output Range	-						
Digital Input Range	-						
Digital Output Range	14 bits binary (0∼16	383)					
Distinguish Ratio	1/16383(14Bit); the c	onvert data is stored in PLC in form of Hex. (14Bit)					
PID Output Value	0∼K4095						
Integral precision	0.8%						
Convert Speed	20ms/CH						
Power Supply	DC24V±10%, 100m	A					

	70	I	•	•		D	•	)		•		•	
24V	7	•	•	•	)			•	•		•		
	VI	0	C1		A1	1	VI	2	Ca	3	A]	I3	

СН	NAME	SIGNAL	СН	NAME	SIGNAL	
CH0	AI0	Current analog input	CH1	Al1	Current analog input	
	VI0	Voltage analog input	Voltage analog input		VI1	Voltage analog input
	C0	COM of CH0		C1	COM of CH1	
CH2	Al2	Current analog input	СНЗ	Al3	Current analog input	
	VI2	Voltage analog input		VI3	Voltage analog input	
	C2	COM of CH2		C3	COM of CH3	
	24V	+24V power supply				
-	0V	COM of power supply	•			

#### 8-3-4 XC-E4DA

#### **Product Overview**

- 4CH analog output: voltage and current input selectable
- Voltage input range is  $0\sim5$ V,  $0\sim10$ V selectable
- Current input range is 0~20mA, 4~20mA selectable
- 10 bits high precision analog output;
- As a special module, up to 7pcs XC-E4DA can be connected to one XC Series PLC main unit.

#### **Specification**

Items	Voltage Output Current Output						
Analog Output Range	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						
Digital Input Range	12 bits binary						
Distinguish Ratio	1/1023(10Bit); the convert data is stored in PLC in form of Hex. (12Bit)						
Integral Precision	0.8%						
Convert Speed	3ms/CH						
Power Supply	DC24V±10%, 100mA						

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## **Terminal Arrangement**

(XC-E4DA)

	OV.	•		C0	AC	00	C1	AO	1
24	V	•	•		V00			V01	
	•			C2	AO	2	СЗ	B AO	3

СН	NAME	SIGNAL	СН	NAME	SIGNAL
	AO0	Current analog output	CH1	AO1	Current analog output
CH0	VO0	Voltage analog output		VO1	Voltage analog output
	C0	COM of CH0		C1	COM of CH1
CH2	AO2	Current analog output	СНЗ	AO3	Current analog output
	VO2	Voltage analog output		VO3	Voltage analog output
	C2	COM of CH2		C3	COM of CH3
	24V	+24V power supply			
-	0V	COM of power supply			

#### 8-3-5 XC-E2DA

#### **Product Overview**

- 2CH analog output: voltage and current input selectable
- Voltage input range is  $0\sim5$ V,  $0\sim10$ V selectable
- Current input range is  $0\sim$ 20mA,  $4\sim$ 20mA selectable
- 12 bits high precision analog input
- As a special module, up to 7pcs XC-E2DA can be connected to one XC Series PLC main unit.

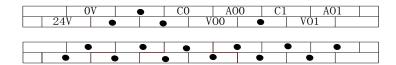
#### **Specification**

Items	Voltage Output	Current Output
Analog Output Range	DC0~5V, 0~10V	DC0~20mA, 4~20mA
	External Load Resistor (2KΩ~1MΩ)	External Load Resistor less than 500Ω
Digital Input Range	12 bits binary	
Distinguish Ratio	1/4096(12Bit); the convert data is stor	red in PLC in form of Hex. (12Bit)
Integral Precision	0.8%	
Convert Speed	3ms/CH	
Power Supply	DC24V±10%, 100mA	

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## **Terminal Arrangement**

(XC-E2DA)



СН	NAME	SIGNAL
	AO0	Current analog output
CH0	VO0	Voltage analog output
	C0	COM of CH0
	AO1	Current analog output
CH1	VO1	Voltage analog output
CHI	C1	COM of CH1
	24V	+24V power supply
-	0V	COM of power supply

#### 8-3-6 XC-E6PT-P

#### **Product Overview**

- Pt resistor input, the scale is Pt100
- 6CH input, 6CH output, 2 groups PID parameters (3CH/group)
- 1mA constant output, doesn't effected by the environment
- The distinguish precision is  $0.1\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$
- As a special module, up to 7pcs XC-E6PT-P can be connected to one XC Series PLC main unit.

#### **Specification**

Items	Content
Analog Input Signal	Pt100 resistor
Temperature testing range	-100°C∼350°C
Digital Output range	-1000 $\sim$ 3500, 16bits with sign, binary
Control precision	±0.5°C
Distinguish Ratio	0.1°C
Integral Precision	0.8% (Relate to the max value)
Convert Speed	20ms/CH
Power Supply	DC24V±10%, 50mA

<sup>※1:</sup> If no signal input, the value is 3500;

 $<sup>\</sup>frak{\%}$ 2: According to the actual requirements, connect with Pt100 resistors

## **Terminal Arrangement**

(XC-E6PT-P)

	OV	COMO	COM1	COM2	Y3	Y5	
24		YO	Y1	Y2	2 Y	74	
	A0	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	
CO	C1	. C2	C3	C4	. C	5	

СН	NAME	SIGNAL	СН	NAME	SIGNAL
CH0	A0	0CH thermo-resistor input terminal	CH1	A1	1CH thermo-resistor input terminal
	C0	0CH COM of thermo-resistor input	СПІ	C1	1CH COM of thermo-resistor input
CH2	A2	2CH thermo-resistor input terminal	CH3	A3	3CH thermo-resistor input terminal
	C2	2CH COM of thermo-resistor input	СПЗ	C3	3CH COM of thermo-resistor input
CH4	A4	4CH thermo-resistor input terminal	CH5	A5	5CH thermo-resistor input terminal
	C4	4CH COM of thermo-resistor input		C5	5CH COM of thermo-resistor input
	Y0	Output of CH0		Y1	Output of CH1
	Y2	Output of CH2		Y3	Output of CH3
	Y4	Output of CH4		Y5	Output of CH5
-	24V	+24V power supply			
	0V	COM for power supply			
СОМ	0, COM1,	COM2: COM for outputs			

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#### 8-3-7 XC-E6TCA-P

#### **Product Overview**

- Supports many thermocouple types (K, S, E, N, J, T, R types)
- Adopts DC-DC power supply isolate design, enhanced anti-interfere ability
- The temperature precision is 0.1°C
- Set each channel's PID parameters independently, equipped with separate register space
- Supports real time PID auto tune function; enable the device to PID auto tune under every status (cold status, heating status, transition status etc), get the best PID values
- Realize data exchange with FROM and TO instructions, enhances flexibility, reduces the data exchange quantity, expands the data memory space.

#### **Specification**

Items	Specifications
Analog Input Signal	K, S, E, N, J, T, R type thermocouples
Temperature testing range	0°C∼1000°C
Digital Output range	$0{\sim}4095$ , without sign 12 bits, decimal
Control precision	0.1°C
Distinguish Ratio	0.1°C
Integral Precision	0.1°C
Convert Speed	20ms/CH
Power Supply	DC24V±10%,50mA

X1: When no signal input, the channel's data is 4095;

<sup>%2:</sup> According to the actual requirements, connect with the thermo-resistors;

## **Terminal Arrangement**

(XC-E6TCA-P)

0	V CO	MO C	OM1 CO	M2 Y	3	Y5	
24V	•	Y0	Y1	¥2	Y4		
TO	CO+ T(	C1+ T(	C2+_ TC	3+ T(	C4+ 1	C5+	
TCO-	TC1-	TC2-	TC3-	TC4-	TC5-		

СН	NAME	SIGNAL	СН	NAME	SIGNAL
CHO	TC0+	CH0 temperature input $+$	CH1	TC1+	CH1 temperature input+
CH0	TC0-	CH0 temperature input—		TC1-	CH1 temperature input—
CH2	TC2+	CH2 temperature input $+$	CH3	TC3+	CH3 temperature input $+$
	TC2-	CH2 temperature input—		TC3-	CH3 temperature input—
CH4	TC4+	CH4 temperature input $+$	CH5	TC5+	CH5 temperature input $+$
	TC4-	CH4 temperature input—		TC5-	CH5 temperature input—
		Output Channel Y0~Y5			
Y0~Y	5	Analog Output: in the form	of digit	al type, th	ne range is 0~4095
		Digital Output: in the form of	of occup	oy ratio, Y	output in the activate time
	24V	+24V power supply			
	0V	COM of power supply			

#### 8-3-8 XC-E3AD4PT2DA

#### **Product Overview**

- 3CH 14bits current input, 4CH PT100 temperature input and 2CH 10bits voltage output
- 3CH AD is current (0~20mA, 4~20mA) selectable;
- 2Ch DA is voltage (0~5V, 0~10V) selectable, choose via the software
- Pt resistor input, the scale is PT100
- 3CH A/D and 4CH PT input are equipped with PID auto tune function
- As a special module, up to 7pcs XC-E3AD4PT2DA can be connected to one XC Series PLC main unit

#### **Specification**

Items	Analog Current Input (AD)	Temperature Input (PT)	Analog Voltage Output (DA)
Analog input	DC0~20mA, 4~20mA	PT100	-
Temperature testing range	-	-100~350°C	-
Max input range	DC0~40mA	-	-
Analog output range	-	-	DC0~5V, 0~10V(external load resistor $2K\Omega$ ~1M $\Omega$ )
Digital input range	-	-	10 bits Binary (0~1023)
Digital Output Range	14 bits Binary (0~16383)	-1000~3500	-
Distinguish Ratio	1/16383(14Bit): The converted data is stored in PLC in Hex. (14Bit)	0.1°C	1/1023(10Bit): The converted data is stored in PLC in Hex. (10Bit)
PID Output Value	0~K4095		-
Integral Precision	0.8%	±0.5°C	0.8%
Convert Speed	20ms/CH		3ms/CH
Power Supply	DC24V±10%, 100mA		

**Terminal Arrangement** 

(XC-E3AD4PT2DA)

	0	V	AIO	)	AI1	AI	2	V(	00	V(	01	
24	V	C0	)	C1	(	C2	C3		C	4		
	ВС	)	A1		C1	B2		A3		C3		

СН	NAME	SIGNAL	СН	NAME	SIGNAL
0CH	AI0	0CH current Input	1CH	Al1	1CH current Input
	C0	0CH current Input COM		C1	1CH current Input COM
2CH	Al2	2CH current Input			
	C2	2CH current Input COM			
0CH	A0	0CH temperature input	1CH	A1	1CH temperature input
	B0	-		B1	-
	C0	0CH input COM		C1	1CH input COM
2CH	A2	2CH temperature input	3СН	A3	3CH temperature input
	B2	-		B3	-
	C2	2CH input COM		C3	3CH input COM
0CH	VO0	0CH voltage output	1CH	VO1	1CH voltage output
	C3	0CH voltage output COM		C4	1CH voltage output COM
-	24V	+24V power supply			
	0V	power supply COM			

#### 8-3-9 XC- E2AD2PT2DA

#### **Product Overview**

- 2CH 16bits analog input, 2CH PT100 temperature input and 2CH 10bits analog output
- 2CH input/output is current, voltage selectable (current: 0~20mA, 4~20mA; voltage: 0~5V, 0~10V), select via XCPPro;
- 2CH A/D and 2CH PT input has PID auto tune function
- · Adopt DC-DC power supply isolation design, enhance the anti-interfere ability
- The display precision is 0.01 ℃
- Set each channel's PID value separately, equipped separate register space
- Supports real time PID auto tune function; enables the device to PID auto tune under every status (cold status, heating status, transition status etc), get the best PID values
- Realize data exchange with FROM and TO instructions, enhance the flexibility, reduce the data exchange quantity, expand the data memory space.

## Specification

(XC-E2AD2PT2DA)

Items	Analog Input (AD)		Temp. input (PT)	Analog o	output (DA)
Analog Input	Current	0~20mA 4~20mA	- PT100	_	
Analog input	Voltage	0~5V 0~10V	11100	-	
Temperature Range	-		-100~350°C	-	
Max input range	DC0~40mA		-	-	
Analog output range	-		-	Current	0~10V 0~5V 0~20mA 4~20mA
Digital input range	-		-	10 bits binary (0~1023)	
Digital Output range	16 bits binary (0-	-65535)	-1000~3500	-	
Distinguish Ratio	1/16383(16Bit)		0.01°C	1/1023(10Bit)	
PID Output value	0~K4095			-	
Integral precision	0.8%	±0.01°C		0.8%	
Convert speed	20ms/CH			3ms/CH	
Power supply	DC24V±10%,1	00mA			

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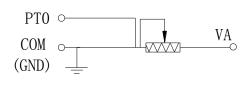
## **Terminal Arrangement**

(XC-E2AD2PT2DA)

	0V	•		•	'	V00		<b>V</b> 01	CO'	1	
24V	•		•		00	CO	0		101		
	PT0	VB	CO	OM	A	10		/11	CI	1	

Name	Terminals	Comments		
Input terminals	PT0, PT1	Temperature	Analog inp	ut, PT100 temperature sensor
	P10, P11	Input	(-100°C∼350	O°C)
	VI0, VI1		Voltage	0~10V or 0~5V
	VIO, VII	A seales a lease t	Input	
	A10 A14	Analog Input	Current	0~20mA or 4~20mA
	Al0, Al1		input	
Output	VO0,VO1		Voltage	in digital form, range: 0~1023
terminals		Amala a Outaut	Input	
	IO0, IO1	Analog Output	Current	in digital form, range: 0~1023
			input	

Three-line PT100 resistor's input wiring is shown below:



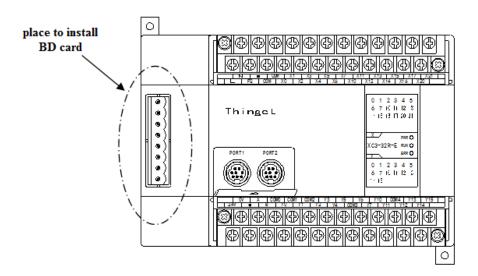
To normal PT100 resistors, wire according to the terminal's colour; the terminal with same colour can connect to PT1 and COM randomly, the other terminal connects to VA side;



## 8-4 Expansion BD Cards

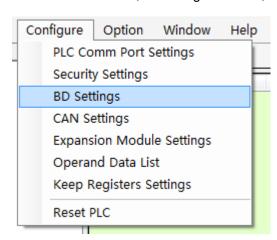
#### Installation

Open the cover on the left side (see the dotted line below), install the card according to the pin connectors and fix with screws; fix the protection cover to finish;

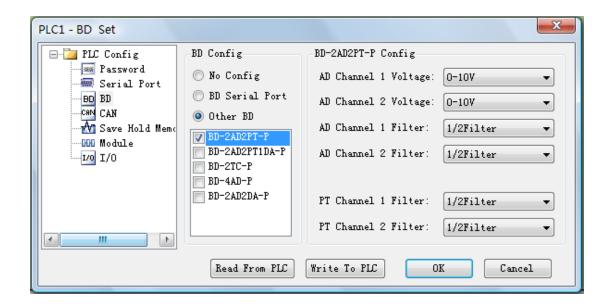


#### Configuration

Install the BD card on PLC correctly
Link PLC via XCPPro, in "Configure" menu, choose "BD settings" (See graph below)



In "BD settings", choose "Other BD", then set BD from the right options; finally, download the user program;



X1: If configure XC-COM-BD, then "BD config" option should choose "BD Serial Port"

#### 8-4-1 XC-2AD2PT-BD

#### **Product Overview**

- 14 bits high precision analog input
- 2CH voltage 0~10V, 0~5V selectable
- 2CH temperature input

#### **Specification**

Items	Voltage Input	Temperature Input
Analog input signal	DC0~5V, 0~10V (the input resistor is $300k\Omega$ )	Pt resistor Pt100 (2-line)
Temperature testing range	-	-100~350°C
Distinguish	0.15mV (10/16383)	0.1°C
Digital output range	0~16383	-1000~3500
Integral precision	±0.8% of the full scale	
Convert time	15ms×4CH	
PID output value	0~K4095	
Default value	0	3500
Input Specialty	digital output analog input 10V/5v	digital output 1000 temperature input 350 °C
Isolation	No isolation among PLC's each chann	el
I/O occupation	0 I/O (as operate via data register, so I/O is not limited by PLC's standard I/O limitation)	

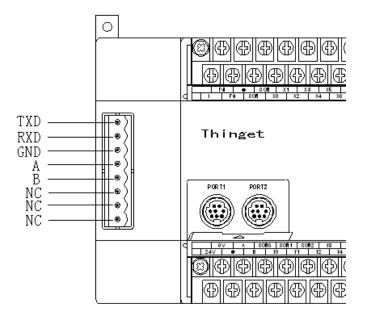
#### 8-4-2 XC-COM-BD

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#### **Specification**

- For RS-485 communication
- For RS-232 communication
- RS-232 and RS-485 can't be used at the same time

#### **Pin Configuration**



%1: TXD, RXD, GND are RS-232 pins

※2: A, B are RS-485 pins

3: RS-232 and RS-485 can't be used at the same time

# Relationships between Terminals and Soft Components

This chapter focuses on a special function of XC Series PLCs, mapping the relationship between terminals and soft components. With this special function, users can greatly reduce maintenance. To the local operation, they will not bother with the damaged terminals any more.

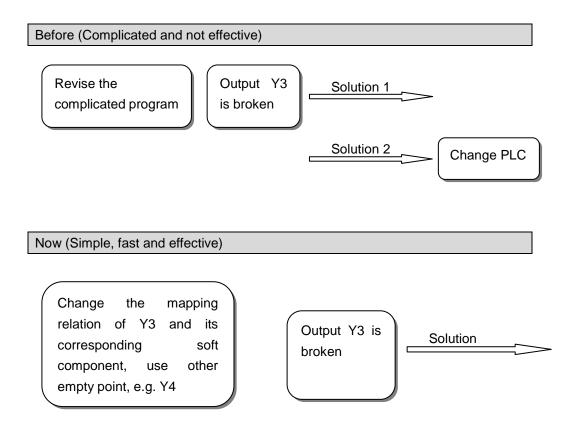
	_
9-1. Function Summary	
5 1. I direction cultimary	
	_
9-2. Operation Method	
9-3. Operated via HMI	



#### 9-1 Function Summary

In normal practice when using PLCs, if the internal optical couples, relays or transistors are damaged, the corresponding input/output terminals will become faulty. The only solution is to revise the program. This is troublesome for the user and affects production greatly.

The new type PLC ended this one-to-one correspondence. Users need only change the soft component's value by HMI and the corresponding terminal will activate. To take advantage of this improvement, the user needn't replace the PLC or modify the original program if any of the PLC terminals become damaged.





#### 9-2 Operation Method

The mapping relationship for damaged inputs/outputs can be re-address to other useable points. This can be done without changes to the user program. In the PLC special register, we specify a certain address section for user to change the mapping relation. User just finds the mapping relation of the damaged input/output, replace the value in this special register with the value of changed input/output.

Below is the table to modify the input/output point's mapping ID:

Table 1: mapping relationship of the Input and soft component

ID.	FUNCTION	DESCRIPTION
FD8010	X00 corresponds to I**	X0 corresponds to the number of input mapping I**
FD8011	X01 corresponds to I**	
FD8012	X02 corresponds to I**	
FD8073	X77 corresponds to I**	

Table 2: mapping relationship of the output and soft component

NO	FUNCTION	INSTRUCTION
FD8074	Y00 corresponds to O**	Y0 corresponds to the number of output mapping O**
FD8075	Y01 corresponds to O**	
FD8076	Y02 corresponds to O**	
FD8137	Y77 corresponds to O**	

As shown in the table above, the original value is FD8010 is 0, if it is replaced by the value "7", then X7 will represent X0 in the program. At the same time the value in FD8170 should be changed to 0, to realize exchange. In this way, X0 will correspond with external input X7; X7 will correspond with external input X0.

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<sup>\*1:</sup> After changing the mapping relation, please restart the PLC.

<sup>\*2:</sup> When change the mapping relation, please note: input/output is in octal, but the addressee ID is in decimal.

<sup>\*3:</sup> When changes are made, the user should exchange the mapping relation. i.e. if modify X0 ID to be 5, make sure to change X5 ID to be 0.

<sup>\*4:</sup> Users can modify the FD value online, but this method is not recommended. We recommend the method in chapter 9-3.

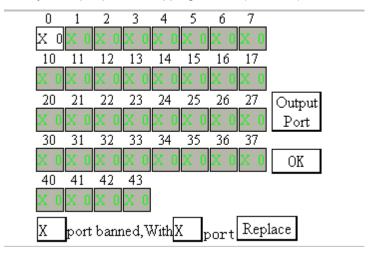


#### 9-3 I/O Reconfiguration via HMI

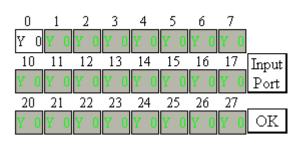
User can change the mapping relation by XCP Pro, but PLC must be online with PC. We suggest users change the mapping relation by HMI as per the example below:

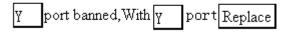
Below are two screen snap-shots based on ID60004 and ID60005 in TP Series HMI, they are used for changing the mapping relation of input and output. We just need to put the "Screen Jump" Button in the program interface, touch the Button, jump to the specified screen, change the mapping relation there.

Modify the input point's mapping screen (ID60004), see below:



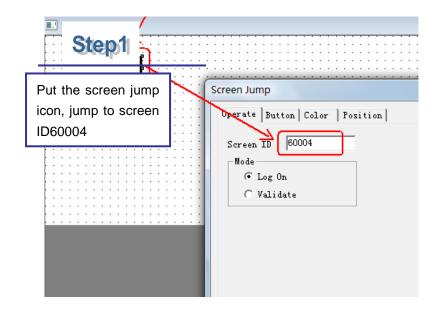
Modify the output point's mapping screen (ID60005), see below:

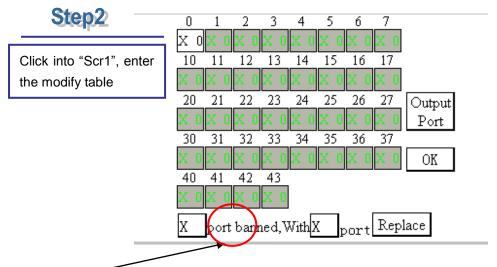




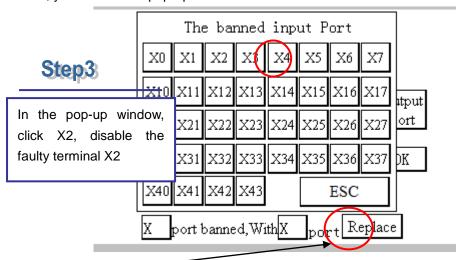
From the image above, we can see that in the screen we list all the input/output terminals and it's simple to modify. Follow the steps below:

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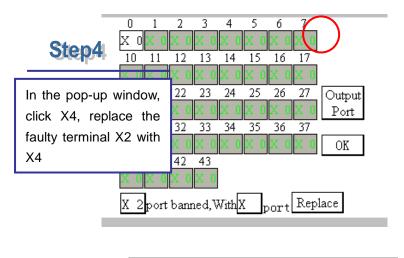


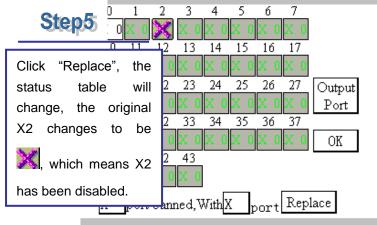


Click it, you will see the pop-up window:



Continue to click it, the replacement window will pop up:





As in the above graphs, we need only 5 minutes re-address I/O terminals. This method negates the need to modify the whole program or replace the PLC etc.

×1: after modification, make sure to restart PLC

# **Appendix 1 - Special Soft Device List**

Here we introduce the main functions of special soft devices, data registers and FlashROM, and introduce expansion addresses.

Appendix 1-1. Special Auxiliary Relay List
Appendix 1-2. Special Data Register List
Appendix 1-3. Special Module Address List
Appendix 1-4. Special Flash Register List



## Appendix 1-1 Special Auxiliary Relay List

#### PC Status (M8000-M8003)

ID	Function	Description	
M8000	Normally ON coil when running	RUN input	M8000 keeps being ON status when PLC is running
M8001	Normally OFF coil when running	M8000 M8001	M8001 keeps being OFF status when PLC is running
M8002	Initial positive pulse coil	M8002	M8002 be ON in first scan cycle
M8003	Initial negative pulse coil	M8003 Scan cycle	M8003 be OFF in first scan cycle

## Clock (M8011-M8014)

ID	Function	Description
M8011	Shake with the cycle of 10ms	5ms
M8012	Shake with the cycle of 100ms	50ms × 50ms × 50ms
M8013	Shake with the cycle of 10sec	<u>⟨ 0.5s</u> <del>⟩</del>
M8014	Shake with the cycle of 1min	30s 30s 30s

## Flag (M8020-M8029)

ID	Function	Description
M8020	Zero	The plus/minus operation result is 0
M8021	Borrow	"borrow" occurs in minus operation
M8022	Carry	When carry occurs in plus operation or overflow occurs in bit shift operation
M8023		
M8026	RAMP Mode	
M8029		

## PC Mode (M8030-M8038)

ID	Function	Description
M8030	PLC initializing	
M8031	Non-retentive register reset	When driving this M, ON/OFF mapping memory of Y, M,
M8032	Retentive register reset	S, TC and the current values of T, C, D are all reset to be 0
M8033	Registers keep stopping	When PLC changes from RUN to STOP, leave all content in mapping registers and data registers
M8034	All output forbidden	Set PC's all external contacts to be OFF status
M8038	Parameter setting	Set communication parameters flag

### Stepping Ladder (M8041-M8046)

ID	Function	Description
M8041		
M8045	All output reset forbidden	When shifting the mode, all outputs reset functions are forbidden
M8046	STL status activate	When M8047 activating, act when any device of S0~S999 turns to be ON

## Interruption (M8050-M8059)

ID	Function	Description
M8050		
1000□	Forbid the input interruption 0	
M8051		
1010□	Forbid the input interruption 1	After executing EI instructions, even the
M8052		interruption is allowed, but if M acts at this time,
1020□	Forbid the input interruption 2	the correspond input interruption couldn't act
M8053		separately E.g.: when M8050 is ON, interrupt l000□ is
1030□	Forbid the input interruption 3	forbidden
M8054		Torbidden
1040□	Forbid the input interruption 4	
M8055		
1050□	Forbid the input interruption 5	
M8056		
I40□□	Forbid the time interruption 0	After executing EI instruction, even the
M8057		interruption is allowed, but if M acts at this time,
<b>I41</b> □□	Forbid the time interruption 1	the correspond time interruption couldn't act
M8058		separately
I42□□	Forbid the time interruption 2	
M8059	Forbid the interruption	Forbid all interruption

# Error Testing (M8067-M8072)

ID	Function	Description
M8067	Operation error	happen when calculating
M8070	Scan time out	
M8071	No user program	Internal codes parity error
M8072	User program error	execution codes or configure table parity error

# Communication (M8120-M8148)

	ID	Function	Description
	M8120		
	M8121	Waiting to send via RS232	
	M8122	"sending by RS232" flag	
	M8123	"RS232 receiving finish" flag	
	M8124	RS232 receiving flag	
COM1	M8125	"Receive incomplete" flag	acceptance ends normally, but the accepted data number is less than the required number
	M8126	Global signal	
	M8127	"Accept error" flag	
	M8128	"Accept correct" flag	
	M8129		
	M8130		
	M8131	Waiting to send via RS232	
	M8132	"sending by RS232" flag	
	M8133	"RS232 receiving finish" flag	
	M8134	RS232 receiving flag	
COM2	M8135	"Receive incomplete" flag	acceptance ends normally, but the accepted data number is less than the required number
	M8136	Global signal	
	M8137	"Accept error" flag	
	M8138	"Accept correct" flag	
	M8139		
	M8140		
	M8141	Waiting to send via RS232	
	M8142	"sending by RS232" flag	
	M8143	"RS232 receiving finish" flag	
	M8144	RS232 receiving flag	
СОМЗ	M8145	"Receive incomplete" flag	acceptance ends normally, but the accepted data number is less than the required number
	M8146	Global signal	
	M8147	"Accept error" flag	
	M8148	"Accept correct" flag	
	M8149		

# "High Speed Counter Interruption Finished" Flag (M8150-M 8169)

ID	Counter ID	Function	Description
M8150	C600	"Count Interruption Finished" Flag	Set flag ON when count interruption finish
M8151	C602	"Count Interruption Finished" Flag	Set flag ON when count interruption finish
M8152	C604	"Count Interruption Finished" Flag	Set flag ON when count interruption finish
M8153	C606	"Count Interruption Finished" Flag	Set flag ON when count interruption finish
M8154	C608	"Count Interruption Finished" Flag	Set flag ON when count interruption finish
M8155	C610	"Count Interruption Finished" Flag	Set flag ON when count interruption finish
M8156	C612	"Count Interruption Finished" Flag	Set flag ON when count interruption finish
M8157	C614	"Count Interruption Finished" Flag	Set flag ON when count interruption finish
M8158	C616	"Count Interruption Finished" Flag	Set flag ON when count interruption finish
M8159	C618	"Count Interruption Finished" Flag	Set flag ON when count interruption finish
M8160	C620	"Count Interruption Finished" Flag	Set flag ON when count interruption finish
M8161	C622	"Count Interruption Finished" Flag	Set flag ON when count interruption finish
M8162	C624	"Count Interruption Finished" Flag	Set flag ON when count interruption finish
M8163	C626	"Count Interruption Finished" Flag	Set flag ON when count interruption finish
M8164	C628	"Count Interruption Finished" Flag	Set flag ON when count interruption finish
M8165	C630	"Count Interruption Finished" Flag	Set flag ON when count interruption finish
M8166	C632	"Count Interruption Finished" Flag	Set flag ON when count interruption finish
M8167	C634	"Count Interruption Finished" Flag	Set flag ON when count interruption finish
M8168	C636	"Count Interruption Finished" Flag	Set flag ON when count interruption finish
M8169	C638	"Count Interruption Finished" Flag	Set flag ON when count interruption finish

# Pulse output (M8170~M8238)

ID	Pulse ID	Function	specification
M8170	PULSE_1	"sending pulse" flag	Being ON when sending the pulse,
M8171		overflow flag of "32 bits pulse sending"	When overflow, Flag is on
M8172		Direction flag	1 is positive direction, the correspond direction port is on
M8173	PULSE_2	"sending pulse" flag	Being ON when sending the pulse,
M8174		overflow flag of "32 bits pulse sending"	When overflow, Flag is on
M8175		Direction flag	1 is positive direction, the correspond direction port is on
M8176	PULSE_3	"sending pulse" flag	Being ON when sending the pulse,
M8177		overflow flag of "32 bits pulse sending"	When overflow, Flag is on
M8178		Direction flag	1 is positive direction, the correspond direction port is on
M8179	PULSE_4	"sending pulse" flag	Being ON when sending the pulse,
M8180		overflow flag of "32 bits pulse sending"	When overflow, Flag is on
M8181		Direction flag	1 is positive direction, the correspond direction port is on

## absolute, relative bit:

ID	function	specification	
M8190	C600 (24 segments)	1 is absolute, <b>0</b> is relative	
M8191	C602 (24 segments)	1 is absolute, 0 is relative	
M8192	C604 (24 segments)	1 is absolute, 0 is relative	
M8193	C606 (24 segments)	1 is absolute, 0 is relative	
M8194	C608 (24 segments)	1 is absolute, 0 is relative	
M8195	C610 (24 segments)		
M8196	C612 (24 segments)		
M8197	C614 (24 segments)		
M8198	C616 (24 segments)		
M8199	C618 (24 segments)		
M8200	C620 (24 segments)		
M8201	C622 (24 segments)		
M8202	C624 (24 segments)		
M8203	C626 (24 segments)		
M8204	C628 (24 segments)		
M8205	C630 (24 segments)		
M8206	C632 (24 segments)		
M8207	C634 (24 segments)		
M8208	C636 (24 segments)		
M8209	C638 (24 segments)		
	Pulse alarm flag (frequency change		
M8210	suddenly)	1 is alarm, 0 is correct	PULSE_1
M8211	Neglect the alarm or not	When flag is 1, stop sending alarm	PULSE_1
	Pulse alarm flag (frequency change		
M8212	suddenly)	1 is alarm, 0 is correct	PULSE_2
M8213	Neglect the alarm or not	When flag is 1, stop sending alarm	PULSE_2
	Pulse alarm flag (frequency change		
M8214	suddenly)	1 is alarm, 0 is correct	PULSE_3
M8215	Neglect the alarm or not	When flag is 1, stop sending alarm	PULSE_3
	Pulse alarm flag (frequency change		
M8216	suddenly)	1 is alarm, 0 is correct	PULSE_4
M8217	Neglect the alarm or not	When flag is 1, stop sending alarm	PULSE_4
	Pulse alarm flag (frequency change		
M8218	suddenly)	1 is alarm, 0 is correct	PULSE_5
M8219	Neglect the alarm or not	When flag is 1, stop sending alarm	PULSE_5

# Positive/negative count

ID	Counter Nr.	Function	Specification
M8238	C300~C498	Positive/negative counter	0 is increment counter, 1 is decrement
IVIOZO	C300~C496	control	counter, default is 0

# 24 segments HSC interruption loop (M8270~M8289)

ID	Counter ID			Specification	
M8270	24 segments HS	SC interruptio	n loop	if set it to be 1, then loop	
	(C600)			executing the interruption; or	
				else execute only one time	
				interruption;	
	24 segments HS	SC interruptio	n loop		
M8271	(C602)				
	24 segments HS	SC interruptio	n loop		
M8272	(C604)				
	24 segments HS	SC interruptio	n loop		
M8273	(C606)				
	24 segments HS	SC interruptio	n loop		
M8274	(C608)				
	24 segments HS	SC interruptio	n loop		
M8275	(C610)				
	24 segments HS	SC interruptio	n loop		
M8276	(C612)				
	24 segments HS	SC interruptio	n loop		
M8277	(C614)				
140070	24 segments HS	SC interruptio	n loop		
M8279	(C618)				
M8280	24 segments HS	SC interruptio	n loop	if set it to be 1, then loop	
	(C620)			executing the interruption; or	
				else execute only one time interruption;	
	24 segments HS	SC interruptio	n loon	interruption,	
M8281	(C622)	oo mterrupilo	ιι ισορ		
	24 segments HS	SC interruption	n loon		
M8284	(C628)	- intorruptio	оор		
M8285	24 segments HS	SC interruptio	n loop	if set it to be 1, then loop	
	(C630)			executing the interruption; or	
	,			else execute only one time	
				interruption;	
	24 segments HS	SC interruptio	n loop		
M8289	(C638)		•		

# Read &Write the Expansions (M8340~M8341)

ID	Function	Specification
M8340	Read the expansion error flag (read instruction)	
M8341	Write the expansion error flag (write instruction)	

# BLOCK Execution (M8630~M8730)

ID	Function	Specification
M8630		
M8631	BLOCK1 is running flag	
M8632	BLOCK2 is running flag	
M8730	BLOCK100 is running flag	



# Appendix 1-2 List of Special Memory and Special Data Register

## Clock (D8010-D8019)

ID	Function	Specification
D8010	The current scan cycle	Unit:0.1ms
D8011	The min. scan time	Unit:0.1ms
D8012	The max. scan time	Unit:0.1ms
D8013	Second (clock)	0~59 (BCD code)
D8014	minute (clock)	0~59 (BCD code)
D8015	hour (clock)	0~23 (BCD code)
D8016	day (clock)	0~31 (BCD code)
D8017	month (clock)	0~12 (BCD code)
D8018	year (clock)	2000~2099 (BCD code)
D8019	week (clock)	0 (Sunday)~6 (Saturday) (BCD code)

# Flag (D8021-D8029)

ID	Function	Specification
D8021	Model	Low byte
D0021	Series number	High byte
D8022	Compatible system's version number	Low byte
D0022	System's version number	High byte
D8023	Compatible model's version number	Low byte
D0023	Model's version number	High byte
D8024		- Max 5 characters +"\0"
D8025	Model's information	
D8026		
D8027		
D8028	Suitable program software version	
D8029		

#### Error check (D8067-D8098)

ID	Function	Specification
D8067	Operation error code's Nr.	The error of divide zero
D8068	lock the Nr. of error code	
D8069		
D8070	exceeded scan time	Unit 1ms
D8074	Nr. of offset registers D	
D8097		
D8098		

# Communication (D8120-D8149)

	ID	Function	specification
	D8120		
	D8121		
	D8122	the left data RS232 should send	
	D8123	Data number RS232 received	
	D8126		
			7: hardware error
			8: CRC Parity error
Com 1	D8127	Communication error code	9: station number error
	D0121	Communication error code	10: no start code
			11: no end code
			12: communication time out
			0: correct
		Modbus communication error	1: don't support function ID
	D8128	(the replied message from slaves when	2: address error (overrun address)
		the master send errors)	3: Data error (the number of data)
			8: saving data error (rewrite Flash)
	D8129		

	D8130		
	D8131		
	D8132	the left data RS232 should send	
	D8133	Data number RS232 received	
	D8136		
			7: hardware error
			8: CRC check error
	D8137	Communication error code	9: station number error
Com2	D6137	Communication error code	10: no start sign
			11: no end sign
			12: communication time out
			0: correct
		Modbus communication error	1: don't support function ID
	D8138	(the replied message from slaves when	2: address error(overrun address)
		the master send errors)	3: Data error ( the number of data)
			8: saving data error ( rewrite Flash )
	D8139		
	D8140		
	D8141		
	D8142	the left data RS232 should send	
	D8143	Data number RS232 received	
	D8146		
			7: hardware error
			8: CRC check error
	D8147	Communication error code	9: station number error
Com 3		Communication error code	10: no start sign
			11: no end sign
			12: communication time out
			0: correct
		Modbus communication error	1: don't support function ID
	D8148	(the replied message from slaves when	2: address error(overrun address)
		the master send errors)	3: Data error ( the number of data)
			8: saving data error ( rewrite Flash )
	D8149		

# HSC Interruption Station (D8150-D8169)

ID	Counter ID	function	specification
D8150	C600	The current segment (No.n segment)	

D8151	C602	The current segment	
D8152	C604	The current segment	
D8153	C606	The current segment	
D8154	C608	The current segment	
D8155	C610	The current segment	
D8156	C612	The current segment	
D8157	C614	The current segment	
D8158	C616	The current segment	
D8159	C618	The current segment	
D8160	C620	The current segment	
D8161	C622	The current segment	
D8162	C624	The current segment	
D8163	C626	The current segment	
D8164	C628	The current segment	
D8165	C630	The current segment	
D8166	C632	The current segment	
D8167	C634	The current segment	_
D8168	C636	The current segment	
D8169	C638	The current segment	

# Pulse output (D8170-D8220)

ID	Pulse ID	function	specification
	. 4.55 .5	1411011011	opoomoanom

D8170	PULSE_1	The low 16 bits of accumulated pulse number	
D8171		The high 16 bits of accumulated pulse number	
D8172		The current segment (means Nr.n segment)	
D8173	PULSE_2	The low 16 bits of accumulated pulse number	
D8174		The high 16 bits of accumulated pulse number	
D8175		The current segment (means Nr.n segment)	
D8176	PULSE_3	The low 16 bits of accumulated pulse number	
D8177		The high 16 bits of accumulated pulse number	
D8178		The current segment (means Nr.n segment)	Only XC5-32RT-E
D8179	PULSE_4	The low 16 bits of accumulated pulse number	(4PLS) model has
D8180		The high 16 bits of accumulated pulse number	
D8181		The current segment (means Nr.n segment)	
D8190	PULSE_1	The low 16 bits of the current accumulated current pulse number	
D8191		The high 16 bits of the current accumulated current pulse number	
D8192	PULSE_2	The low 16 bits of the current accumulated current pulse number	
D8193		The high 16 bits of the current accumulated current pulse number	
D8194	PULSE_3	The low 16 bits of the current accumulated current pulse number	
D8195		The high 16 bits of the current accumulated current pulse number	Only XC5-32RT-E
D8196	PULSE_4	The low 16 bits of the current accumulated current pulse number	(4PLS) model has
D8197		The high 16 bits of the current accumulated current pulse number	

ID	Pulse ID	Function	Description
D8210	PULSE_1	Error segment number	PULSE_1
D8212	PULSE_2	Error segment number	PULSE_2

D8214	PULSE_3	Error segment number	PULSE_3
D8216	PULSE_4	Error segment number	PULSE_4
D8218	PULSE_5	Error segment number	PULSE_5
D8220	Frequency Testing	indicate the bit Nr. Behind the	
	Precision	decimal dot, 1 means *10, 2	
		means *100	

# Absolute Positioning/Relative Positioning/the Origin Return (D8230-D8239)

ID	Pulse	Pulse Function	
D8230	DIII OF 4	Rising time of the absolute/relation position instruction (Y0)	
D8231	PULSE_1	Falling time of the origin return instruction (Y0)	
D8232	PULSE 2	Rising time of the absolute/relation position instruction (Y1)	
D8233	PULSE_2	Falling time of the origin return instruction (Y1)	
D8234	PULSE_3	Rising time of the absolute/relation position instruction (Y2)	
D8235	FULSE_3	Falling time of the origin return instruction (Y2)	
D8236	PULSE_4	Rising time of the absolute/relation position instruction (Y3)	
D8237	FULSE_4	Falling time of the origin return instruction (Y3)	
D8238	PULSE_5	Rising time of the absolute/relation position instruction	
D8239	FULSE_5	Falling time of the origin return instruction	

## Read/Write the Expansion (D8315-D8316)

ID	Function	Description
D8315	Read the expansion's error type	
D8316	Write the expansion's error type	

Sequential Function Block (D8630-D8730)

ID	Function	Description
D8630		
	The current executing instruction of	
D8631	BLOCK1	The value is used when <b>BLOCK</b> is monitoring
	The current executing instruction of	
D8632	BLOCK2	The value is used when <b>BLOCK</b> is monitoring
	The current executing instruction of	
D8730	BLOCK100	The value is used when <b>BLOCK</b> is monitoring

# Error information of the Expansions (D8600-D8627)

ID	Function	specification	Expansion ID
	Read the expansion's error		
D8600	times		
D8601	Read the expansion's error	expansion's CRC parity error	
		expansion's address error	
		expansion's accepted data length error	
		expansion's accept buffer zone overflow	
		expansion's timeout error	Expansion 1
		CRC parity error when PLC is accepting data	
		unknown error	
	write the expansion's error		
D8602	times		
D8603	write the expansion's error		
D8604	Read the expansion's times		
D8605	Read the expansion's error		
	write the expansion's error		Expansion 2
D8606	times		
D8607	write the expansion's error		
D8608	Read the expansion's times		
D8609	Read the expansion's error		
	write the expansion's error		Expansion 3
D8610	times		
D8611	write the expansion's error		
D8612	Read the expansion's times		Evansion 4
D8613	Read the expansion's error		Expansion 4

	write the expansion's error	
D8614	times	
D8615	write the expansion's error	
D8624	Read the expansion's times	
D8625	Read the expansion's error	
	write the expansion's error	Expansion 7
D8626	times	
D8627	write the expansion's error	

Take the first expansion module as the example:

Channel	AD signal	DA signal	PID Output value	PID run/stop bit	Set value	PID parameter: <b>Kp</b> , <b>Ki</b> , <b>Kd</b> , control range <b>Diff</b> , Death range <b>death</b>	
OCH	ID100	-	ID108	Y100	QD100		
1CH	ID101	-	ID109	Y101	QD101		
2CH	ID102	-	ID110	Y102	QD102	KpQD108	
3CH	ID103	-	ID111	Y103	QD103	KiQD109 KdQD110	
4CH	ID104	-	ID112	Y104	QD104	- DiffQD111	
5CH	ID105	-	ID113	Y105	QD105	DeathQD112	
6CH	ID106	-	ID114	Y106	QD106	Joan QD112	
7CH	ID107	-	ID115	Y107	QD107		
XC-E4	AD2DA						
0CH	ID100	-	ID104	Y100	QD102	Kn OD406	
1CH	ID101	-	ID105	Y101	QD103	KpQD106 KiQD107	
2CH	ID102	-	ID106	Y102	QD104	KIQD107 KdQD108	
3CH	ID103	-	ID107	Y103	QD105	DiffQD109	
0CH	-	QD100	-	-	-	DeathQD110	
1CH	-	QD101	-	-	-	200 45110	

#### XC-E4DA

CH Nr.	Exp. 1	Exp. 2	Exp. 3	Exp. 4	Exp. 5	Exp. 6	Exp. 7
0CH	QD100	QD200	QD300	QD400	QD500	QD600	QD700
1CH	QD101	QD201	QD301	QD401	QD501	QD601	QD701
2CH	QD102	QD202	QD302	QD402	QD502	QD602	QD702
3CH	QD103	QD203	QD303	QD403	QD503	QD603	QD703

#### XC-E2DA

CH Nr.	Exp. 1	Exp. 2	Exp. 3	Exp. 4	Exp. 5	Exp. 6	Exp. 7
0CH	QD100	QD200	QD300	QD400	QD500	QD600	QD700
1CH	QD101	QD201	QD301	QD401	QD501	QD601	QD701

#### XC-E6PT-P/ XC-E6TC-P

CH Nr.	Current	Cot tomp	DID run/oton hit	The first 3CH	The last 3CH
CH IVI.	temp.	Set temp.	PID run/stop bit	PID value	PID value
0CH	ID100	QD100	Y100		
1CH	ID101	QD101	Y101	Kp: QD106	Kp: QD110
2CH	ID102	QD102	Y102	Ki: QD107	Ki: QD111
3CH	ID103	QD103	Y103	Kd: QD108	Kd: QD112
4CH	ID104	QD104	Y104	Diff: QD109	Diff: QD113
5CH	ID105	QD105	Y105		

#### XC-E6TCA-P

RELATIVE	COMME	NTS AND DE	SCRIPTIONS		
PARAMETERS	СН	Ch0	Ch1		Ch5
Display temperature (unit: 0.1°C)	module 1	ID100	ID101	ID10×	ID105
PID output (X input which returns to main unit)	module 1	X100	X101	X10×	X105
Thermocouple's connecting status (0 is connect, 1 is disconnect)	module 1	X110	X111	X11×	X115
PID auto tune error bit (0 is normal, 1 is parameters error)	module	X120	X121	X12x	X125
Enable channel's signal	module 1	Y100	Y101	Y10×	Y105
Auto tune PID control bit	Auto tune activate signal, enter auto tune stage if being set to be 1; when auto turn finish, PID parameters and temperature control cycle value are refreshed, reset this bit automatically.  Users can also read its status; 1 represents auto tune processing; 0 represents				trol cycle value are
PID output value (operation value)	no atto tune or auto tune finished  Digital output value range: $0\sim4095$ If PID output is analogue control (like steam valve open scale or thyistor ON angle), transfer this value to the analogue output module to realize the control requirements				
PID parameters (P, I, D)	Via PID auto tune to get the best parameters;  If the current PID control can't fulfill the control requirements, users can also write the PID parameters according to experience. Modules carry on PID control according to the set PID parameters.				
PID operation range (Diff) (unit: 0.1℃)	environme	ents, if the ter		er than $T_{\text{set temp.}} - T_{\text{set temp.}}$	emperature control put, PID output the

	mini value;				
	(sample temperature+ Temperature difference δ)/10=display temperature				
Temperature difference δ	value. Then temperature display value can equal or close to the real				
(unit: 0.1℃)	temperature value. This parameter has sign (negative or positive). Unit is				
	$0.1^{\circ}$ C, the default value is 0.				
The set temperature	Control system's target temperature value. The range is $0\!\sim\!1000^\circ\!\!\mathrm{C},$ the				
value(unit: 0.1℃)	precision is 0.1 °C.				
Temperature control cycle	Control cycle's range is 0.5s $\sim\!$ 200s, the minimum precision is 0.1s. the write				
(unit: 0.1s)	value is the real temperature control cycle multiply 10. i.e. 0.5s control cycle				
	should write 5, 200s control cycle should write 2000.				
	If users think the environment temperature is different with the display				
	temperature, he can write in the known temperature value. At the moment of				
	value written in, calculate the temperature difference $\boldsymbol{\delta}$ and save.				
	Calculate the temperature difference value δ=adjust environment temperature				
	value−sample temperature value. Unit: 0.1 °C.				
	E.g.: under heat balance status, user test the environmental temperature as				
Adjust environment	$60.0^{\circ}\!$				
temperature value	(correspond sample temperature is 550), temperature difference $\delta$ =0. at this				
(unit: 0.1℃)	time, users write this parameters with 600, temperature difference $\boldsymbol{\delta}$ is				
	re-calculated to be 50 (5 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ ), then the display temperature = (sample				
	temperature+temperature difference $\delta)$ /10 =60 $^{\circ}\!$				
	**Note: when users write the adjust temperature value, make sure that the				
	temperature is same with the environment temperature value. This value is				
	very important, once it's wrong, temperature difference $\boldsymbol{\delta}$ will be wrong, then				
	effect the display temperature				
Auto tune output value	The output when auto tune, use % as the unit, 100 represents 100% of full				
Auto tune output value	scale output. 80 represents 80% of full scale output.				

#### XC-E3AD4PT2DA

CH Nr.	AD signal	PID output value	PID run/stop bit	Set value	PID parameters: <b>Kp</b> , <b>Ki</b> , <b>Kd</b> , control range <b>Diff</b> , death range <b>Death</b>
0CH	ID100	ID107	Y100	QD102	
1CH	ID101	ID108	Y101	QD103	Kp QD109
2CH	ID102	ID109	Y102	QD104	Ki QD110 Kd QD111
CH Nr.	PT signal	PID output value	PID run/stop bit	Set value	Diff QD112 Death QD113
3CH	ID103	ID110	Y103	QD105	
4CH	ID104	ID111	Y104	QD106	

5CH	ID105	ID112	Y105	QD107	
6CH	ID106	ID113	Y106	QD108	
CH Nr.	DA signal	-	-	-	
0CH	QD100	-	-	-	-
1CH	QD101	-	-	-	

#### XC-E2AD2PT2DA

RELATIVE	COMMEN	TS AND DESC	RIPTIONS			
PARAMETERS	СН	PT0 (0.01°C)	PT1 (0.01°C)	AD0	AD1	
Display temperature (unit: 0.1℃)	module 1	ID100	ID101	ID102	ID103	
PID output (X input which returns to main unit)	module 1	X100	X101	X102	X103	
Connecting status (0 is connect, 1 is disconnect)	module 1	X110	X111	X112	X113	
PID auto tune error bit (0 is normal, 1 is parameters error)	module 1	X120	X121	X122	X123	
Enable channel's signal	module 1	Y100	Y101	Y102	Y103	
Auto tune PID control bit	when auto refreshed, r Users can a	Auto tune activate signal, enter auto tune stage if being set to be 1; when auto turn finish, PID parameters and temperature control cycle value are refreshed, reset this bit automatically.  Users can also read its status; 1 represents auto tune processing; 0 represents no atto tune or auto tune finished				
PID output value (operation value)	If PID outp	_	ntrol (like steam	-	or thyistor ON angle),	
PID parameters (P, I, D)	Via PID auto tune to get the best parameters;  If the current PID control can't fulfill the control requirements, users can also write the PID parameters according to experience. Modules carry on PID control according to the set PID parameters.					
PID operation range (Diff) (unit: 0.1°C)	PID operation activates between ±Diff range. In real temperature control environments, if the temperature is lower than $T_{\text{set temp.}} - T_{Diff}$ , PID output the max value; if the temperature is higher than $T_{\text{set temp.}} + T_{Diff}$ , PID output the mini value;					
Temperature difference δ					mperature value. Then mperature value. This	

(unit: 0.1℃)	parameter has sign (negative or positive). Unit is 0.1 °C, the default value is 0.					
The set temperature	Control system's target temperature value. The range is $0{\sim}1000^{\circ}\!$					
value(unit: 0.1℃)	0.1℃.					
Temperature control	Control cycle's range is 0.5s $\sim$ 200s, the minimum precision is 0.1s. the write value is					
cycle (unit: 0.1s)	the real temperature control cycle multiply 10. i.e. 0.5s control cycle should write 5,					
	200s control cycle should write 2000.					
	If user thinks the environment temperature is different with the display temperature, he					
	can write in the known temperature value. At the moment of value written in, calculate					
	the temperature difference $\delta$ and save.					
	Calculate the temperature difference value δ=adjust environment temperature					
	valuesample temperature value. Unit: 0.1 ℃.					
Real value	E.g.: under heat balance status, user test the environmental temperature as 60.0 ℃ with					
(unit: 0.1℃)	mercurial thermometer, the display temperature is $55.0^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ (correspond sample					
(driit. 0.1 C)	temperature is 550), temperature difference $\delta$ =0. at this time, users write this					
	parameters with 600, temperature difference $\delta$ is re-calculated to be 50 (5 $^{\circ}$ C), then the					
	display temperature = (sample temperature + temperature difference $\delta$ ) /10 =60 $^{\circ}$ C $_{\circ}$					
	**Note: when users write the adjust temperature value, make sure that the temperature					
	is same with the environment temperature value. This value is very important, once it's					
	wrong, temperature difference $\boldsymbol{\delta}$ will be wrong, then effect the display temperature					
Auto tune output	The output when auto tune, use % as the unit, 100 represents 100% of full scale output.					
value	80 represents 80% of full scale output.					



# Appendix 1-4 Special Flash Register List

#### I Filter

ID	Function	Initial Value	Description
FD8000	input filter time of <b>X</b> port	10	Unit: ms
FD8002		0	
FD8003		0	
		0	
FD8009		0	

## **I Mapping**

ID	Function	Initial value	Description
FD8010	X00 corresponds with I**	0	X0 corresponds with number of input image I**
FD8011	X01 corresponds with I**	1	Initial values are all decimal
FD8012	X02 corresponds with I**	2	
FD8073	X77 corresponds with I**	63	

## O Mapping

ID	Function	Initial value	Description
FD8074	Y00 corresponds with I**	0	Y0 corresponds with the number of output
			image O**
FD8075	Y01 corresponds with I**	1	Initial value are all decimal

FD8076	Y02 corresponds with I**	2	
FD8137	Y77 corresponds with I**	63	

## I Property

ID	function	Initial value	Description
FD8138	X00 property	all be 0	0: positive logic;
			others: negative logic
FD8139	X01 property		
FD8140	X02 property		
FD8201	X77 property		

# Power-off retentive area of soft components

ID	Function	Initial Value
FD8202	Start tag of <b>D</b> power off retentive area	4000
FD8203	Start tag of <b>M</b> power off retentive area	3000
FD8204	Start tag of <b>T</b> power off retentive area	640
FD8205	Start tag of <b>C</b> power off retentive area	320
FD8206	Start tag of <b>S</b> power off retentive area	512
FD8207	Start tag of ED power off retentive area	0
FD8209	Pulse director and pulse delay time setting	50ms

#### Communication

	ID	Function	Initial	Description
	FD8210	Communicate Mode	4	255 (FF) is free mode,
		(station number)	ı	1~254 is modbus station number
	FD8211	Communicate format	8710	Baud rate, Data bit, stop bit, parity
	FD8212	Judgment time of ASC timeout	3	Unit ms, if set to be 0, it means no timeout waiting
COM1	FD8213	Judgment time of reply timeout	300	Unit ms, if set to be 0, it means no timeout waiting
	FD8214	Start ASC	0	High 8 bits invalid
	FD8215	End ASC	0	High 8 bits invalid
				8/16 bits buffer;
	FD8216	Free format setting	0	With/without start bit,
				With/without stop bit
	FD8220	Communicate Mode	8710	255 (FF) is free mode,
	FD0220	(station number)	0710	1~254 is modbus station number
	FD8221	Communicate format	3	Baud rate, Data bit, stop bit, parity
COM2	FD8222	Judgment time of ASC timeout	300	Unit ms, if set to be 0, it means no timeout waiting
	FD8223	Judgment time of reply timeout	0	Unit ms, if set to be 0, it means no timeout waiting
	FD8224	Start ASC	0	High 8 bits invalid
	FD8225	End ASC	0	High 8 bits invalid

	FD8226	Free format setting	8710	8/16 bits buffer; With/without start bit,
				With/without stop bit
	FD8230	Communicate Mode	8710	255 (FF) is free mode,
	. 50200	(station number)	07.10	1~254 is modbus station number
	FD8231	Communicate format	3	Baud rate, Data bit, stop bit, parity
	FD8232	Judgment time of ASC timeout	300	Unit ms, if set to be 0, it means no timeout waiting
СОМЗ	FD8233	Judgment time of reply timeout	0	Unit ms, if set to be 0, it means no timeout waiting
CONS	FD8234	Start ASC	0	High 8 bits invalid
	FD8235	End ASC	0	High 8 bits invalid
				8/16 bits buffer;
	FD8236	Free format setting	8710	With/without start bit,
				With/without stop bit

#### **Subsection Power-off Retentive Zone of Timer T**

Nr.	Function	Initial Value
FD8323	Set the retentive zone's start tag of 100ms non-accumulation timer	
FD8324	Set the retentive zone's start tag of 100ms accumulation timer	
FD8325	Set the retentive zone's start tag of 10ms non-accumulation timer	
FD8326	Set the retentive zone's start tag of 10ms accumulation timer	
FD8327	Set the retentive zone's start tag of 1ms non-accumulation timer	
FD8328	Set the retentive zone's start tag of 1ms accumulation timer	
FD8329	Set the retentive zone's start tag of 1ms precise timer	

#### Subsection power-off retentive zone of counter C

Nr.	Function	Initial Value
FD8330	Set the retentive zone's start tag of 16 bits positive counter	
FD8331	Set the retentive zone's start tag of 32 bits positive/negative counter	
FD8332	Set the retentive zone's start tag of single-phase HSC	
FD8333	Set the retentive zone's start tag of dual-phase HSC	
FD8334	Set the retentive zone's start tag of AB-phase HSC	

<b>%1:</b>	If you change special FLASH memory, it will take into effect after restart the PLC

# **Appendix 2 - Instructions List**

This chapter lists all instructions supported by the XC Series PLC. These instructions include: basic instructions, application instructions, special function instructions and motion control instructions. It also shows each instruction's application range.

This enables the users to check the instruction's functions much faster. For detailed application, please refer to XC Series Programmable Controller [Instruction Part].

Appendix 2-1. Basic Instructions List
Appendix 2-2. Application Instructions List
Appendix 2-3. Special Function Instructions List
Appendix 2-4. Motion Control Instructions List



# Appendix 2-1 Basic Instructions List

Mnemonic	Function
LD	Initial logical operation contact type NO (normally open)
LDI	Initial logical operation contact type NC (normally closed)
OUT	Final logic operation type coil drive
AND	Serial connection of NO
ANI	Serial connection of NC
OR	Parallel connection of NO
ORI	Parallel connection of NC
LDP	Rising edge pulse
LDF	Falling edge pulse
ANDP	Serial connection of rising edge pulse
ANDF	Serial connection of falling edge pulse
ORP	Parallel I connection of rising edge pulse
ORF	parallel connection of falling edge pulse
LDD	Read directly from the contact state
LDDI	NC contact directly read
ANDD	Read directly from the contact state, connected in series
ANDDI	Directly read normally closed contact, connected in series
ORD	Read directly from the contact state, parallel connection
ORDI	Directly read normally closed contact, parallel connection
OUTD	Direct output to the contact
ORB	Parallel connection of parallel multiply parallel circuit
ANB	Serial connection of parallel multiply parallel circuit
MCS	New bus line start
MCR	Bus line return
ALT	Alternate state
PLS	Rising edge pulse
PLF	Falling edge pulse
SET	Set a bit device permanently on
RST	Reset a bit device permanently off
OUT	Output counter coil
RST	Output reset, and current data reset to zero
END	Input and output processing, and return to Step 0
GROUP	Instruction block folding start
GROUPE	Fold the end of command block
TMR	Timer



# Appendix 2-2 Applied Instruction List

0 1	Maranania		Suit Model						
Sort	Mnemonic	Function	XC1	XC2	XC3	XC5	XCM		
	CJ	Condition Jump		<b>√</b>	√	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		
	CALL	Call subroutine		<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		
	SRET	Subroutine return	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		
	STL	Flow start	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		
	STLE	Flow end	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		
Program flow	SET	Open the assigned flow, close the current flow	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	~		
	ST	Open the assigned flow, not close the current flow	<b>V</b>	1	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		
	FOR	Start of a FOR-NEXT loop	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		
	NEXT	END of a FOR-NEXT loop	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>		
	FEND	End of main program	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		
	LD= <sup>*1</sup>	LD activate if (S1)= (S2)	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		
	LD> <sup>*1</sup>	LD activate if (S1)> (S2)	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		
	LD< <sup>¾1</sup>	LD activate if (S1)< (S2)	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		
	LD<>*1	LD activate if(S1)≠(S2)	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	<b>V</b>		
	LD>= <sup>※1</sup>	LD activate if(S1) >= (S2)	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		
	LD<= <sup>※1</sup>	LD activate if(S1) <= (S2)	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>		
	AND= <sup>※1</sup>	AND activate if (S1)= (S2)	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		
Date	AND> <sup>*1</sup>	AND activate if (S1)> (S2)	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		
Data	AND<**1	AND activate if (S1)< (S2)	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		
compare	AND<>*1	AND activate if(S1)≠(S2)	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		
	AND>= <sup>**1</sup>	AND activate if(S1) >= (S2)	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		
	AND<= <sup>*1</sup>	AND activate if(S1) <= (S2)	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		
	OR= <sup>**1</sup>	OR activate if (S1)= (S2)	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		
	OR> <sup>**1</sup>	OR activate if (S1)> (S2)	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		
	OR< <sup>*1</sup>	OR activate if (S1)< (S2)	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>		
	OR<>*1	OR activate if(S1)≠(S2)	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>		
	OR>=*1	OR activate if(S1) >= (S2)	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>		
	OR<=*1	OR activate if(S1) <= (S2)	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>		
	CMP <sup>*1</sup>	Data compare	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>		
	ZCP <sup>*1</sup>	Data zone compare	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>		
Data	MOV <sup>*1</sup>	Move	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		
move	BMOV	Block move	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>		
	FMOV <sup>*1</sup>	Fill move	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>		
	FWRT <sup>**1</sup>	FlashROM Written	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	<b>V</b>		

		Zone set	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
_ Z⊦	RST	Zone reset	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	V
SI	NAP	The high bytes and low bytes	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	V
		exchange					
X	CH <sup>※1</sup>	Data exchange	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>
			Suit m	odel			
Sort Mi	nemonic	function	XC1	XC2	XC3	XC5	XCM
IΑ	DD <sup>※1</sup>	addition	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>
SI	JB <sup>※¹</sup>	subtraction	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>
M	UL <sup>※1</sup>	multiplication	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
DI	V <sup>※1</sup>	division	<b>V</b>	V	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>
IN	IC <sup>※1</sup>	Increment	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>
Data Di	EC <sup>*1</sup>	decrement	<b>V</b>	V	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	V
Operation M	EAN <sup>*1</sup>	mean	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	V
W	'AND <sup>**1</sup>	Word and	<b>V</b>	V	$\sqrt{}$	<b>√</b>	V
W	OR <sup>*1</sup>	Word or	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	V	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>
W	XOR <sup>*1</sup>	Word exclusive or	<b>V</b>	V	V	<b>√</b>	V
CI	ML <sup>※1</sup>	Complement	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>
NE	EG <sup>**1</sup>	Negative		V	V	<b>√</b>	V
SH	HL <sup>※¹</sup>	Arithmetic shift left		V	$\sqrt{}$	<b>√</b>	V
SH	HR <sup>※¹</sup>	Arithmetic shift right		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\sqrt{}$
LS	SL <sup>*1</sup>	Logic shift left		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	$\checkmark$
LS	SR <sup>※1</sup>	Logic shift right		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Data shift	OL <sup>※1</sup>	Rotation shift lift		√	√	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
R	OR <sup>※1</sup>	Rotation shift right		√	√	√	√
SF	-TL <sup>※1</sup>	Bit shift left		√	√	√	√
SF	-TR <sup>※¹</sup>	Bit shift right		√	<b>V</b>	√	√
W	SFL	Word shift left		√	<b>V</b>	√	√
W	SFR	Word shift right		√	√	√	√
W	TD	Single word integer convert to		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\checkmark$	$\sqrt{}$
		double word integer					
FL	_T <sup>※1</sup>	16 bits integer convert to float		V	V	√	V
FL	_TD <sup>%1</sup>	64 bits integer convert to float		√	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
IN	ΙΤ <sup>※1</sup>	Float convert to integer		$\sqrt{}$	<b>V</b>	√	V
Data BI	N	BCD convert to binary		<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>
convert B0	CD	Binary convert to BCD		<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	√
AS	SCI	Hex convert to ASC II		<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>
H	ΕX	ASC II convert to Hex		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>
DF	ECO	Coding		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	V
EN	NCO	High bit coding		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	V
EI	NCOL	Low bit coding		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	<b>√</b>

Sort	Mnemonic	function	Suit Model					
	winemonic	Turiction	XC1	XC2	XC3	XC5	XCM	
	ECMP <sup>**2</sup>	Float compare		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	
	EZCP <sup>**2</sup>	Float zone compare		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	
	EADD <sup>**2</sup>	Float addition		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
	ESUB <sup>**2</sup>	Float subtraction		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	
	EMUL <sup>**2</sup>	Float multiplication		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	
	EDIV <sup>**2</sup>	Float division		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	
ESQR*2		Float square root		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
Float	SIN <sup>**2</sup>	Sine		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	
Operation	COS <sup>*2</sup>	Cosine		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
	TAN <sup>*</sup> <sup>2</sup>	tangent		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	
	ASIN <sup>**2</sup>	Floating-point operations		<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	√	
		against SIN						
	ACOS <sup>*2</sup>	Floating-point operations		<b>√</b>	√	√	$\checkmark$	
		against COS						
	ATAN <sup>※2</sup>	Floating-point operations		√	√	√	$\checkmark$	
		against TAN						
Clock	TRD	Read RTC data		√	√	√	√	
CIUCK	TWR	Set RTC data		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	$\checkmark$	

<sup>\* 1</sup> If no special instructions, general instruction is 16 bits, and does not have 32-bit instruction form.

 $<sup>\</sup>mbox{\%}$  2 marked with instructions for the 32-bit instructions, and does not have 16-bit instruction form.

<sup>&</sup>quot; $\sqrt{\ }$ " means where the family supports the instruction.



# **Appendix 2-3 Special Instructions List**

		E. d	Applicable models						
sort Mnemon		Features	XC1	XC2	XC3	XC5	XCM		
	PLSY <sup>*1</sup>	Single-stage pulse output without acceleration and deceleration		√	1	<b>√</b>	1		
	PLSR <sup>**1</sup>	Multi / single-stage, acceleration and deceleration, single / double pulse output		1	1	<b>√</b>	√		
mulaa	PLSF <sup>*1</sup>	Variable frequency pulse output		V	V	√	<b>√</b>		
pulse	PLSA <sup>*1</sup>	Absolute position control of multi-stage pulse		<b>V</b>	√	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>		
	PLSNEXT/ PLSNT	Pulse switching section		<b>√</b>	1	1	<b>√</b>		
	PLSMV**2	The number of pulses into the register		√	1	√	<b>V</b>		
	STOP	Pulse Stop		√	$\sqrt{}$	√	$\checkmark$		
High Speed	HSCR <sup>*2</sup>	Read 32-bit high-speed counter		V	V	√	√		
Counter (HSC)	HSCW <sup>*2</sup>	Write 32 bit high-speed counter		<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	√	√		
	COLR	Read MODBUS coil		<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	√	√		
	INPR	MODBUS read input coil		<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	√	√		
	COLW	MODBUS Write single coil		<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	√	√		
MODBUS	MCLW	MODBUS Write multiple coils		<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	√	√		
communication	REGR	Read MODBUS register		<b>V</b>	√	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		
	INRR	MODBUS write input register		V	V	√	√		
	REGW	MODBUS write single register		<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	√	√		
	MRGW	MODBUS write multiple registers		<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	√	√		
Free format	SEND	Free format data transmission		<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	1		
communication	RCV	Free-form data reception		<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	√	1		
	CCOLR	CANBUS coil Reading				<b>V</b>			
CANBUS	CCOLW	Write coil CANBUS				<b>V</b>			
communication	CREGR	CANBUS register read				<b>V</b>			
	CREGW	CANBUS register write				<b>V</b>			
	STR	Precise timing		<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	√		
Precise timing	STRR	Reading of the precise timing register		<b>V</b>	1	<b>V</b>	V		
	STRS	Stop the precise timing		<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	√		
interrupt	El	Allow interrupt		<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	√		

	DI	Disable Interrupt	$\sqrt{}$	$\checkmark$	V	$\checkmark$
	IRET	Interrupt Return	$\checkmark$	<b>V</b>	V	$\checkmark$
	BSTOP	Stop the operation of BLOCK	$\checkmark$	V	V	√
BLOCK	BGOON	BLOCK continue to be uspended	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	V	√
	WAIT	Wait	$\checkmark$	V	V	$\checkmark$
Read/write	FROM	Read module	$\checkmark$	V	V	√
expansion	TO	Write	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	V	√
	FRQM	Frequency Measurement	$\checkmark$	V	V	$\checkmark$
others	PWM	PWM	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	V	<b>√</b>
	PID	PID control operation	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	V	<b>√</b>

<sup>\* 1:</sup> If no special instructions, generally referred to as 16-bit instructions, and do not have 32-bit instruction form.

<sup>%</sup> 1 command to identify the form of a 32-bit instructions, the general expression of 32-bit instruction 16-bit instructions to their corresponding front "D", such as 32-bit ADD instruction DADD.

<sup>\* 2:</sup> marked with instructions for the 32-bit instructions, and does not have 16-bit instruction form.

 $<sup>\</sup>mbox{\%}$  3: "\" indicates that the family supports the current instruction.



# **Appendix 2-4 Motion Control Instruction List**

Mnemonic	FUNCTION	SUITABLE MODELS						
		XC1	XC2	XC3	XC5	XCM		
ZRN <sup>*1</sup>	Origin return		<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>		
DRVA <sup>*1</sup>	Absolute position		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>		
DRVI <sup>*1</sup>	Relative position		<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>		
ABS	Absolute address					<b>V</b>		
CCW <sup>*2</sup>	Circular anticlockwise					<b>√</b>		
	interpolation							
СНК	Servo end check					<b>V</b>		
CW <sup>*2</sup>	Circular clockwise interpolation					<b>V</b>		
DRV <sup>*2</sup>	High speed					<b>V</b>		
DRVR	Electrical zero return					√		
DRVZ	Machine zero return					<b>V</b>		
FOLLOW <sup>*2</sup>	Follow movement instruction					<b>√</b>		
INC	Incremental address					<b>V</b>		
LIN <sup>*</sup> <sup>2</sup>	Linear interpolation positioning					<b>V</b>		
PLAN <sup>**2</sup>	Plane selection					<b>V</b>		
TIM <sup>*</sup> <sup>2</sup>	Delayed time					√		
SETR	Set electrical zero					<b>√</b>		
SETP <sup>**2</sup>	Set reference frame					<b>V</b>		

%1: The instructions with %1 sign have 32 bits form; generally 32 bits instructions are represented as adding D before 16 bits instructions, like this 32 bits ADD instructions is DADD; %2: The instructions with %2 sign are 32 bits form; they don't have 16 bits form;

# **Appendix 3** - Special Function Availability

Generally, the functions and instructions described in this manual don't have software and hardware requirements, however, to enable some special functions, minimum software and hardware versions are required.

Minimum requirements for the special functions are listed below:

function	Hardware	Software
	version	version
Fill move 32 bits instruction DFMOV	V3.0 and above	V3.0 and above
Anti-trigonometric Operation	V3.0 and above	V3.0 and above
Read/write clock	V2.51 and above	V3.0 and above
Read/write high speed counter	V3.1c and above	V3.0 and above
Interrupt high speed counter	V3.1c and above	V3.0 and above
Read precise time	V3.0e and above	V3.0 and above
Stop precise time	V3.0e and above	V3.0 and above
C program block function	V3.0c and above	V3.0 and above
PID function	V3.0 and above	V3.0 and above
Block	V3.1i and above	V3.1h and above
Connect T-BOX	V3.0g and above	V3.0 and above
Connect G-BOX	V3.0i and above	V3.0 and above
Read/write XC-E6TCA-P, XC-E2AD2PT3DA,	V3.1f and above	V3.1b and above
XC-E2AD2PT2DA		
Expand register ED	V3.0 and above	V3.0 and above

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# **Appendix 4 - PLC Configuration List**

This part is used to check each model's configurations. Via this table, we can judge the model easily:

Selectable ×Not support √Support

		comn	nunication	1			No. of hig	jh speed	counters	RT	
Models	clock	CAN	Modbus	Free	expansion	BD board	Increase	Pulse + direction	AB phase	No. of Pulse (T model / F model)	External interrupt
XC1 Series	•							•			
XC1-10	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
XC1-16	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
XC1-24	×	×	√※2	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
XC1-32	×	×	√*2	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
XC2 Series											
XC2-14	0	×	0	0	×	×	5	2	2	2	3
XC2-16	0	×	×	×	×	×	5	2	2	2	3
XC2-24	0	×	√	$\checkmark$	×	√	5	2	2	2 <sup>*1</sup>	3
XC2-32	0	×	√	$\sqrt{}$	×	√	5	2	2	2 <sup>*1</sup>	3
XC2-48	0	×	√	$\sqrt{}$	×	√	5	2	2	2 <sup>**1</sup>	3
XC2-60	0	×	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	×	$\sqrt{}$	5	2	2	2 <sup>*1</sup>	3
XC3 Series											
XC3-14	×	×	0	0	×	×	4	2	2	2	1
XC3-24	0	×	√	$\sqrt{}$	√	√	6	3	3	2 <sup>*1</sup>	3
XC3-32	0	×	√	$\sqrt{}$	√	√	6	3	3	2 <sup>*1</sup>	3
XC3-48	0	×	√	$\sqrt{}$	√	√	4	2	2	2	3
XC3-60	0	×	√	$\sqrt{}$	$\checkmark$	√	4	2	2	2	3
XC3-19AR-E	0	×	√	<b>√</b>	×	×	4	2	2	2	3
XC5 Series											
XC5-24	0	×	√	$\checkmark$	√	$\checkmark$	2	1	1	4 <sup>※1</sup>	5
XC5-32	0	×	√	$\checkmark$	<b>√</b>	√	2	1	1	4 <sup>※1</sup>	5
XC5-48	0	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	6	3	3	2 <sup>*1</sup>	3
XC5-60	0	√	√	√	√	√	6	3	3	2 <sup>*1</sup>	3
XCM Series											
XCM-24	0	×	V	$\sqrt{}$		√	2	1	1	4 <sup>**1</sup>	5
XCM-32	0	×	√	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	2	1	1	4 <sup>※1</sup>	5

\*1: If using BD board, Y1 can't be used for pulse

%2: can only be used for Modbus slave

Documentation Reference								
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